

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**Quarterly report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2020  
or

**Transition report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_  
Commission File Number: 001-39095

**BRP GROUP, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)



**61-1937225**  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**4211 W. Boy Scout Blvd., Suite 800 Tampa, Florida 33607**  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

**(866) 279-0698**  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

**Not Applicable**  
(Former Name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	BRP	Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The number of outstanding shares of the registrant's Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value, as of November 6, 2020 was approximately 33,988,164.

# BRP GROUP, INC.

## INDEX

	<u>Page</u>
<u>PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u>	
<u>ITEM 1.</u> <u>Financial Statements (Unaudited)</u>	
<u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019</u>	<u>5</u>
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019</u>	<u>7</u>
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders'/Members' Equity (Deficit) and Mezzanine Equity for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019</u>	<u>8</u>
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	<u>12</u>
<u>ITEM 2.</u> <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	<u>27</u>
<u>ITEM 3.</u> <u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk</u>	<u>43</u>
<u>ITEM 4.</u> <u>Controls and Procedures</u>	<u>43</u>
<u>PART II. OTHER INFORMATION</u>	<u>44</u>
<u>ITEM 1.</u> <u>Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>44</u>
<u>ITEM 1A.</u> <u>Risk Factors</u>	<u>44</u>
<u>ITEM 2.</u> <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	<u>44</u>
<u>ITEM 3.</u> <u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	<u>45</u>
<u>ITEM 4.</u> <u>Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	<u>45</u>
<u>ITEM 5.</u> <u>Other Information</u>	<u>45</u>
<u>ITEM 6.</u> <u>Exhibits</u>	<u>46</u>
<u>SIGNATURES</u>	<u>47</u>

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### **Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

We have made statements in this report, including matters discussed under Part I, Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Part II, Item 1. Legal Proceedings, Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors and in other sections of this report, that are forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify these statements by forward-looking words such as "may," "might," "will," "should," "expects," "plans," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "potential" or "continue," the negative of these terms and other comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements, which are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us, may include projections of our future financial performance, our anticipated growth strategies and anticipated trends in our business. These statements are only predictions based on our current expectations and projections about future events. There are important factors that could cause our actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from the results, level of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including those factors discussed under Part II, Item 1A. You should specifically consider the numerous risks outlined under Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 24, 2020 and our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2020 filed with the SEC on May 13, 2020.

Although we believe the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, level of activity, performance or achievements. Moreover, neither we nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of any of these forward-looking statements. We are under no duty to update any of these forward-looking statements after the date of this report to conform our prior statements to actual results or revised expectations.

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## Commonly Used Defined Terms

The following terms have the following meanings throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q unless the context indicates or requires otherwise:

AgencyRM AgencyRM LLC, a Medicare Partner effective February 1, 2020

Book of Business Insurance policies bound by us on behalf of our Clients

Clients Our insureds

Colleagues Our employees

Exchange Act Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended

Fletcher Fletcher Financial Group, Inc., a Medicare Partner effective July 31, 2020

Highland Highland Risk Services, LLC, a Specialty Partner effective January 1, 2020

Insurance Company Partners Insurance companies with which we have a contractual relationship

IRP Insurance Risk Partners, LLC, a Middle Market Partner effective April 1, 2020

Lanier Lanier Upshaw, Inc., a Middle Market Partner effective January 1, 2020

MIA Medicare Insurance Advisors, Inc., a Medicare Partner effective July 31, 2020

MGA Managing General Agent

New JPM Credit Agreement Credit Agreement, dated as of October 14, 2020, between Baldwin Risk Partners, LLC, as borrower, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as the Administrative Agent, the Guarantors party thereto, the Lenders party thereto and the Issuing Lenders party thereto

Old JPM Credit Agreement Fourth amended and restated credit agreement between Baldwin Risk Partners, LLC, as borrower, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as agent and lender, and the several banks and other financial institutions as lenders entered into on December 19, 2019, pursuant to an amendment and restatement agreement between Baldwin Risk Partners, LLC, as borrower, Cadence Bank, N.A., as existing agent and lender, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as successor agent and lender, and the several banks and other financial institutions as lenders entered into on December 19, 2019, as amended by the Incremental Facility Amendment No. 1 entered into on March 12, 2020, the Amendment No. 2 to Credit Agreement entered into on April 6, 2020 and the Incremental Facility Amendment No. 3 entered into June 18, 2020

Operating Groups Our reportable segments

Partners Companies that we have acquired, or in the case of asset acquisitions, the producers

Partnerships Strategic acquisitions made by the Company

Pendulum Pendulum, LLC, a Specialty Partner effective May 1, 2020

Pre-IPO LLC Members Owners of LLC Units of Baldwin Risk Partners, LLC prior to our initial public offering

Risk Advisors Our producers

Rosenthal Rosenthal Bros., Inc., a Middle Market Partner effective June 1, 2020

SEC U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission

Securities Act Securities Act of 1933, as amended

SPG Southern Protective Group, LLC, a Middle Market Partner effective May 1, 2020

TBA/RBA Trinity Benefit Advisors, Inc./Russ Blakely & Associates, LLC, a Middle Market Partner effective June 1, 2020

Tax Receivable Agreement Tax Receivable Agreement between BRP Group, Inc. and the holders of LLC Units in Baldwin Risk Partners, LLC entered into on October 28, 2019

VibrantUSA VibrantUSA Inc., a Medicare Partner effective date of February 1, 2020

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**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**  
**ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**BRP GROUP, INC.**  
**Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets**  
**(Unaudited)**

(in thousands, except share and per share data)	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50,220	\$ 67,689
Restricted cash	7,778	3,382
Premiums, commissions and fees receivable, net	98,345	58,793
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,689	3,019
Due from related parties	41	43
Total current assets	159,073	132,926
Property and equipment, net	7,791	3,322
Other assets	7,949	5,600
Intangible assets, net	203,555	92,450
Goodwill	344,396	164,470
Total assets	<u>\$ 722,764</u>	<u>\$ 398,768</u>
<b>Liabilities, Mezzanine Equity and Stockholders' Equity</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Premiums payable to insurance companies	\$ 83,617	\$ 50,541
Producer commissions payable	12,019	7,470
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	21,851	12,334
Current portion of contingent earnout liabilities	7,065	2,480
Total current liabilities	124,552	72,825
Revolving lines of credit	101,000	40,363
Contingent earnout liabilities, less current portion	78,323	46,289
Other liabilities	2,194	2,017
Total liabilities	306,069	161,494
Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)		
Mezzanine equity:		
Redeemable noncontrolling interest	101	23
Stockholders' equity:		
Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 300,000,000 shares authorized; 33,932,868 and 19,362,984 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively	339	194
Class B common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, 50,000,000 shares authorized; 45,247,711 and 43,257,738 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively	4	4
Additional paid-in capital	237,644	82,425
Accumulated deficit	(14,038)	(8,650)
Notes receivable from stockholders	(519)	(688)
Total stockholders' equity attributable to BRP Group, Inc.	223,430	73,285
Noncontrolling interest	193,164	163,966
Total stockholders' equity	416,594	237,251
Total liabilities, mezzanine equity and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 722,764</u>	<u>\$ 398,768</u>

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**BRP GROUP, INC.**

**Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Continued)**

**(Unaudited)**

The following table presents the assets and liabilities of the Company's consolidated variable interest entities, which are included on the condensed consolidated balance sheets above. The assets in the table below include those assets that can only be used to settle obligations of the consolidated variable interest entities.

(in thousands)	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
<b>Assets of Consolidated Variable Interest Entities That Can Only be Used to Settle the Obligations of Consolidated Variable Interest Entities:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 122	\$ 47
Premiums, commissions and fees receivable, net	153	75
Total current assets	275	122
Property and equipment, net	23	31
Other assets	5	7
Total assets	<u>\$ 303</u>	<u>\$ 160</u>
<b>Liabilities of Consolidated Variable Interest Entities for Which Creditors Do Not Have Recourse to the Company:</b>		
Premiums payable to insurance companies	\$ 1	\$ 6
Producer commissions payable	19	15
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	7	29
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 27</u>	<u>\$ 50</u>

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**BRP GROUP, INC.**

**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)**

**(Unaudited)**

(in thousands, except share and per share data)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Commissions and fees	\$ 65,843	\$ 38,383	\$ 171,270	\$ 101,280
<b>Operating expenses:</b>				
Commissions, employee compensation and benefits	48,469	26,788	122,280	67,068
Other operating expenses	12,146	6,320	30,577	16,711
Amortization expense	5,185	3,082	13,231	6,793
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	6,455	535	12,697	(3,222)
Depreciation expense	258	184	663	460
Total operating expenses	72,513	36,909	179,448	87,810
Operating income (loss)	(6,670)	1,474	(8,178)	13,470
<b>Other expense:</b>				
Interest expense, net	(922)	(3,785)	(2,554)	(8,998)
Other income (expense)	(23)	5	(23)	5
Total other expense	(945)	(3,780)	(2,577)	(8,993)
Income (loss) before income taxes	(7,615)	(2,306)	(10,755)	4,477
Income tax provision	—	—	12	—
Net income (loss)	(7,615)	(2,306)	(10,767)	4,477
Less: net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(4,347)	(2,306)	(5,379)	4,477
Net loss attributable to BRP Group, Inc.	\$ (3,268)	\$ —	\$ (5,388)	\$ —
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (7,615)	\$ (2,306)	\$ (10,767)	\$ 4,477
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(4,347)	(2,306)	(5,379)	4,477
Comprehensive loss attributable to BRP Group, Inc.	(3,268)	—	(5,388)	—
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.10)		\$ (0.22)	
Basic and diluted weighted-average shares of Class A common stock outstanding	33,098,356		24,371,304	

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**BRP GROUP, INC.**

**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders'/Members' Equity (Deficit) and Mezzanine Equity**

**(Unaudited)**

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2020

(in thousands, except share data)	Stockholders' Equity									Mezzanine Equity
	Class A Common Stock		Class B Common Stock		APIC	Accumulated Deficit	Notes Receivable from Stockholders	Non-controlling Interest	Total	Redeemable Non-controlling Interest
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount						
Balance at June 30, 2020	33,302,477	\$ 333	45,458,763	\$ 4	\$ 235,520	\$ (10,770)	\$ (573)	\$ 198,049	\$ 422,563	\$ 71
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	(3,268)	—	(4,369)	(7,637)	22
Offering costs	—	—	—	—	(28)	—	—	—	(28)	—
Equity issued in business combinations	25,491	—	—	—	445	—	—	—	445	—
Share-based compensation, net of forfeitures	393,848	4	—	—	908	—	—	285	1,197	—
Redemptions and repurchases of common stock	211,052	2	(211,052)	—	799	—	—	(801)	—	—
Repayment of stockholder notes receivable	—	—	—	—	—	—	54	—	54	—
Contributions	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
Balance at September 30, 2020	<u>33,932,868</u>	<u>\$ 339</u>	<u>45,247,711</u>	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ 237,644</u>	<u>\$ (14,038)</u>	<u>\$ (519)</u>	<u>\$ 193,164</u>	<u>\$ 416,594</u>	<u>\$ 101</u>

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020

(in thousands, except share data)	Stockholders' Equity									Mezzanine Equity
	Class A Common Stock		Class B Common Stock		APIC	Accumulated Deficit	Notes Receivable from Stockholders	Non-controlling Interest	Total	Redeemable Non-controlling Interest
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount						
Balance at December 31, 2019	19,362,984	\$ 194	43,257,738	\$ 4	\$ 82,425	\$ (8,650)	\$ (688)	\$ 163,966	\$ 237,251	\$ 23
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	(5,388)	—	(5,438)	(10,826)	59
Issuance of Class A common stock in offering, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs	13,225,000	132	(2,475,000)	—	144,497	—	—	(9,398)	135,231	—
Equity issued in business combinations	513,025	5	4,805,572	—	8,117	—	—	44,453	52,575	—
Share-based compensation, net of forfeitures	580,045	6	—	—	2,600	—	—	880	3,486	—
Redemptions and repurchases of common stock	251,814	2	(340,599)	—	5	—	—	(1,299)	(1,292)	—
Repayment of stockholder notes receivable	—	—	—	—	—	—	169	—	169	—
Contributions	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	19
Balance at September 30, 2020	<u>33,932,868</u>	<u>\$ 339</u>	<u>45,247,711</u>	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ 237,644</u>	<u>\$ (14,038)</u>	<u>\$ (519)</u>	<u>\$ 193,164</u>	<u>\$ 416,594</u>	<u>\$ 101</u>

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.



**BRP GROUP, INC.**

**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders'/Members' Equity (Deficit) and Mezzanine Equity (Continued)**

**(Unaudited)**

**For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2019**

(in thousands)	Members' Equity (Deficit)				Mezzanine Equity	
	Members' Deficit	Notes Receivable from Members	Noncontrolling Interest	Total	Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest	Redeemable Members' Capital
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ (128,869)	\$ (256)	\$ 2,424	\$ (126,701)	\$ 65,906	\$ 110,596
Net income (loss)	(2,578)	—	(20)	(2,598)	1,440	(1,148)
Contributions	—	—	—	—	1	—
Repayment of member notes receivable	—	16	—	16	—	—
Issuance and vesting of Management Incentive Units	303	—	—	303	—	—
Issuance of common units	—	—	—	—	—	—
Equity issued in business combinations	—	—	—	—	6,674	—
Change in the redemption value of redeemable interests	(74,166)	—	—	(74,166)	11,125	63,041
Distributions	(732)	—	(17)	(749)	(2,538)	(251)
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$ (206,042)	\$ (240)	\$ 2,387	\$ (203,895)	\$ 82,608	\$ 172,238

**For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019**

(in thousands)	Members' Equity (Deficit)				Mezzanine Equity	
	Members' Deficit	Notes Receivable from Members	Noncontrolling Interest	Total	Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest	Redeemable Members' Capital
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ (63,606)	\$ (90)	\$ 937	\$ (62,759)	\$ 46,208	\$ 39,354
Net income	119	—	112	231	3,761	485
Contributions	—	—	—	—	35	—
Contributions through issuance of member notes receivable	—	(310)	47	(263)	263	—
Repayment of member notes receivable	—	160	—	160	—	—
Issuance and vesting of Management Incentive Units	663	—	—	663	—	—
Issuance of common units	612	—	386	998	—	5,509
Repurchase of common units	—	—	—	—	—	(11,177)
Repurchase redemption value adjustments	—	—	—	—	—	(1,323)
Equity issued in business combinations	—	—	1,000	1,000	37,637	—
Change in the redemption value of redeemable interests	(140,708)	—	—	(140,708)	167	140,541
Distributions	(3,122)	—	(95)	(3,217)	(5,463)	(1,151)
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$ (206,042)	\$ (240)	\$ 2,387	\$ (203,895)	\$ 82,608	\$ 172,238

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**BRP GROUP, INC.**

**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

**(Unaudited)**

(in thousands)	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$ (10,767)	\$ 4,477
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	13,894	7,253
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	12,697	(3,222)
Share-based compensation expense	5,357	110
Payment of contingent earnout consideration in excess of purchase price accrual	(1,727)	—
Amortization of deferred financing costs	384	1,117
Loss on extinguishment of debt	—	115
Issuance and vesting of Management Incentive Units	—	663
Participation unit compensation	—	150
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effect of acquisitions:		
Premiums, commissions and fees receivable, net	(12,717)	(441)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	230	(921)
Due from related parties	2	73
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities	23,418	5,090
Other liabilities	—	105
Net cash provided by operating activities	30,771	14,569
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Capital expenditures	(4,135)	(1,465)
Investment in business venture	—	(200)
Cash consideration paid for asset acquisitions, net of cash received	(695)	(671)
Cash consideration paid for business combinations, net of cash received	(230,403)	(99,486)
Net cash used in investing activities	(235,233)	(101,822)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Proceeds from issuance of Class A common stock, net of underwriting discounts	167,346	—
Repurchase/redemption of LLC Units and Class B common stock	(32,610)	—
Payment of common stock offering costs	(798)	—
Payment of contingent and guaranteed earnout consideration	(1,192)	(813)
Proceeds from revolving line of credit	185,637	68,464
Repayments of revolving line of credit	(125,000)	—
Proceeds from related party debt	—	49,845
Payments on long-term debt	—	(204)
Payments of debt issuance costs and debt extinguishment costs	(2,182)	(15)
Proceeds from repayment of stockholder/member notes receivable	169	160
Repurchase of common units	—	(12,500)
Distributions	—	(9,831)
Other	19	1,662
Net cash provided by financing activities	191,389	96,768
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	(13,073)	9,515
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	71,071	7,995
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 57,998	\$ 17,510

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**BRP GROUP, INC.**

**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)**  
**(Unaudited)**

(in thousands)	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019
<b>Supplemental schedule of cash flow information:</b>		
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 2,309	\$ 7,480
<b>Disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:</b>		
Equity issued in business combinations	\$ 52,575	\$ 38,637
Contingent earnout consideration issuances	26,612	29,117
Additions to property and equipment included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities	561	—
Change in the redemption value of redeemable interests	—	140,708
Capitalization of issuance to redeemable common member	—	5,509
Capitalization of offering costs	—	4,207
Debt issuance costs added to revolving line of credit	—	2,554
Transfer of long-term debt to revolving line of credit	—	1,820
Contingently returnable consideration for business combinations	—	321

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## BRP GROUP, INC.

### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

#### 1. Business and Basis of Presentation

BRP Group, Inc. (“BRP Group” or the “Company”) was incorporated in the state of Delaware on July 1, 2019. BRP Group was formed for the purpose of completing an initial public offering of its common stock and related transactions in order to carry on the business of Baldwin Risk Partners, LLC (“BRP”) as a publicly-traded entity. On October 28, 2019, BRP Group completed an initial public offering of its Class A common stock (the “Initial Public Offering”) and became the sole managing member of BRP. The consolidated financial statements of BRP Group have been presented as a combination of the financial results of BRP Group and BRP as of the earliest period presented as discussed further under Principles of Consolidation below.

BRP Group is a diversified insurance agency and services organization that markets and sells insurance products and services to its customers throughout the U.S., although a significant portion of the Company’s business is concentrated in the southeastern U.S. BRP Group and its subsidiaries operate through four reportable segments (“Operating Groups”), including Middle Market, Specialty, MainStreet, and Medicare, which are discussed in more detail in Note 15.

#### Public Offering

On June 29, 2020, the Company completed a public offering of 13,225,000 shares of its Class A common stock, including 1,725,000 shares sold pursuant to the underwriters’ over-allotment option. The shares were sold at an offering price of \$13.25 per share for net proceeds of \$166.5 million after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions of \$7.9 million and offering expenses of \$798,000.

#### Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of BRP Group and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

As the sole manager of BRP, BRP Group operates and controls all the business and affairs of BRP, and has the sole voting interest in, and controls the management of, BRP. Accordingly, BRP Group began consolidating BRP in its consolidated financial statements as of the closing date of the Initial Public Offering, resulting in a noncontrolling interest related to the LLC Units held by BRP’s LLC members (the “LLC Units”) on its consolidated financial statements.

BRP and BRP Group were under the common control of the Company’s Chairman, Lowry Baldwin, before and immediately after the reorganization transactions undertaken in connection with the Initial Public Offering (the “Reorganization Transactions”). Prior to the Reorganization Transactions, Mr. Baldwin held a controlling interest in Baldwin Investment Group Holdings, LLC (“BIGH”), which was the controlling owner of BRP through its majority ownership of BRP’s common units. In addition, Mr. Baldwin was the sole shareholder of BRP Group. Upon reorganization, BRP Group became the sole managing member of BRP. Holders of the Class B common stock hold a majority of the voting power of BRP Group and stockholders of the then majority of the Class B common stock, including BIGH, executed a Voting Agreement in which they agreed to vote in the same manner as Mr. Baldwin. As a result, Mr. Baldwin continued to control BRP Group subsequent to the Initial Public Offering and Reorganization Transactions. Accordingly, we have accounted for the Reorganization Transactions as a transaction between entities under common control in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 805-50, *Business Combinations - Related Issues*, under which the financial information of BRP Group has been combined with that of BRP as of the earliest period presented.

The Company has prepared these consolidated financial statements in accordance with ASC Topic 810, *Consolidation* (“Topic 810”). Topic 810 requires that if an enterprise is the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity, the assets, liabilities, and results of operations of the variable interest entity should be included in the consolidated financial statements of the enterprise. The Company has recognized certain entities as variable interest entities of which the Company is the primary beneficiary and has included the accounts of these entities in the consolidated financial statements. Refer to Note 4 for additional information regarding the Company’s variable interest entities.

Topic 810 also requires that the equity of a noncontrolling interest shall be reported on the condensed consolidated balance sheets within total equity of the Company. Certain redeemable noncontrolling interests are reported on the condensed consolidated balance sheets as mezzanine equity. Topic 810 also requires revenues, expenses, gains, losses, net income or loss, and other comprehensive income or loss to be reported in the consolidated financial statements at consolidated amounts, which include amounts attributable to the owners of the parent and the noncontrolling interests.

### **Noncontrolling Interest**

Noncontrolling interests are reported at historical cost basis adjusted for cumulative earnings or loss allocations and classified as a component of stockholders' equity on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Noncontrolling interest as presented as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 consists of the noncontrolling interest holdings of BRP Group subsequent to the Company's reorganization in connection with the Initial Public Offering. The controlling interest holdings of BRP for the period from January 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019 have been reclassified to noncontrolling interest holdings of BRP Group for presentation of activity for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019.

### **Unaudited Interim Financial Reporting**

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and applicable rules and regulations of the SEC regarding interim financial reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and related notes required by GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of recurring accruals, considered necessary for fair statement have been included. The accompanying balance sheet for the year ended December 31, 2019 was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP. Accordingly, these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2019 included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 24, 2020.

### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant estimates underlying the accompanying consolidated financial statements include the application of guidance for revenue recognition, including determination of allowances for estimated policy cancellations, business combinations and purchase price allocation, impairment of long-lived assets including goodwill, and valuation of the Tax Receivable Agreement liability and share-based compensation.

### **Changes in Presentation**

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation.

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

As an emerging growth company, the Jumpstart Our Business Startups ("JOBS") Act permits the Company an extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards affecting public companies. The Company has elected to use this extended transition period and adopt certain new accounting standards on the private company timeline, which means that the Company's financial statements may not be comparable to the financial statements of public companies that comply with such new or revised accounting standards on a non-delayed basis. The Company has elected the extended transition period for the adoption of the Accounting Standards Updates ("ASUs") below, except those where early adoption was both permitted and elected.

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) ("ASU 2016-02"). The guidance in ASU 2016-02 supersedes the lease recognition requirements in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 840, *Leases*. ASU 2016-02 requires an entity to recognize assets and liabilities arising from a lease for both financing and operating leases, along with additional qualitative and quantitative disclosures. The FASB has subsequently issued several additional ASUs related to leases, which improved upon, provided interpretation of and transition relief for, the guidance issued in ASU 2016-02 and extended the adoption date for nonpublic business entities. This guidance is effective for the fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the full effect that the adoption of this standard will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Statements ("ASU 2016-13"), which amends the guidance for recognizing credit losses on financial instruments measured at amortized cost. ASU 2016-13 replaces the incurred loss impairment methodology in current GAAP with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. The FASB has subsequently issued several additional ASUs related to credit losses, which improved upon, provided interpretation of and transition relief for, the guidance issued in ASU 2016-13 and extended the adoption date for nonpublic business entities. This guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2022, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the full effect that the adoption of this standard will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-13, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820) ("Topic 820"): Disclosure Framework - Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement ("ASU 2018-13"). This update modifies the disclosure requirements related to fair value measurement by removing certain disclosure requirements related to the fair value hierarchy. This update also modifies existing disclosure requirements related to measurement uncertainty and adds new disclosure requirements, such as disclosing the changes in unrealized gains and losses for the period included in other comprehensive income for recurring Level 3 fair value measurements held at the end of the reporting period and disclosing the range and weighted average of significant unobservable inputs used to develop Level 3 fair value measurements. The Company adopted the guidance in ASU 2018-13 effective January 1, 2020, which impacted the presentation of the fair value measurements disclosure in Note 13 but did not otherwise impact the Company's consolidated financial statements.

## 2. Significant Accounting Policies

There have been no material changes in the Company's significant accounting policies from those that were disclosed for the year ended December 31, 2019 in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 24, 2020, except as noted below.

### Self-Insurance Reserve

The Company converted to a self-insured health insurance plan beginning in March 2020 for which it carries an insurance program with specific retention levels or high per-claim deductibles for expected losses. The Company records a liability for all unresolved claims and for an estimate of incurred but not reported ("IBNR") claims at the anticipated cost that falls below its specified retention levels or per-claim deductible amounts. In establishing reserves, the Company considers actuarial assumptions and judgments regarding economic conditions and the frequency and severity of claims. The Company had an IBNR reserve of \$1.1 million at September 30, 2020, which is included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

### Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents. The Company manages this risk using high creditworthy financial institutions. Interest-bearing accounts and noninterest-bearing accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") up to \$250,000. Deposits exceed amounts insured by the FDIC. The Company has not experienced any losses from its deposits.

## 3. Business Combinations

The Company completed 11 business combinations for an aggregate purchase price of \$317.7 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2020. In accordance with ASC Topic 805, *Business Combinations* ("Topic 805"), total consideration was first allocated to the fair value of assets acquired, including liabilities assumed, with the excess being recorded as goodwill. For financial statement purposes, goodwill is not amortized but rather is evaluated for impairment at least annually or more frequently if an event or change in circumstances occurs that indicates goodwill may be impaired. Goodwill is deductible for tax purposes and will be amortized over a period of 15 years.

The recorded purchase price for certain of the foregoing business combinations includes an estimation of the fair value of contingent consideration obligations associated with potential earnout provisions, which are generally based on recurring commissions and fees revenue. The contingent earnout consideration amounts identified in the tables below are measured at fair value within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy as discussed further in Note 13. Any subsequent changes in the fair value of contingent earnout liabilities will be recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) when incurred.

The recorded purchase price for certain business combinations also includes an estimation of the fair value of noncontrolling interests, which are calculated based on a valuation of the entity with the relevant percentage applied.

The Company completed the following 11 business combinations during the nine months ended September 30, 2020:

- Lanier, a Middle Market Partner effective January 1, 2020, was made to expand the Company's Middle Market presence in the healthcare, higher education, construction, property and non-profit businesses throughout Florida and other states.
- Highland, a Specialty Partner effective January 1, 2020, was made to expand the Company's Specialty presence in the healthcare and cyber insurance businesses and to add capabilities within the real estate business.
- AgencyRM, a Medicare Partner effective February 1, 2020, was made to expand the Company's Medicare business presence in Texas.
- VibrantUSA, a Medicare Partner effective February 1, 2020, was made to expand the Company's Medicare business presence in Washington.
- IRP, a Middle Market Partner effective April 1, 2020, was made to expand the Company's capabilities within the energy and infrastructure business.
- Southern Protective Group, a Middle Market Partner effective May 1, 2020, was made to expand the Company's risk consulting capabilities in the medical malpractice market.
- Pendulum, a Specialty Partner effective May 1, 2020, was made to expand the Company's specialty risk consulting capabilities in the long-term care and senior living markets.
- Rosenthal, a Middle Market Partner effective June 1, 2020, was made to expand the Company's capabilities within the habitational real estate industry.
- TBA/RBA, a Middle Market Partner effective June 1, 2020, was made to expand the Company's employee benefits business in Tennessee and across the Southeastern U.S.
- Fletcher, a Medicare Partner effective July 31, 2020, was made to expand the Company's Medicare business presence in Washington.
- MIA, a Medicare Partner effective July 31, 2020, was made to expand the Company's Medicare business presence in Tennessee.

The operating results of these business combinations have been included in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) since their respective acquisition dates. The Company recognized total revenues and net income from these business combinations of \$37.1 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

Acquisition-related costs incurred in connection with these business combinations are recorded in other operating expenses in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). The Company incurred acquisition-related costs from these business combinations of \$1.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

The table below provides a summary of the total consideration and the estimated purchase price allocations made for each of the business acquisitions that became effective during the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The "All Others" column includes amounts for the AgencyRM, VibrantUSA, Southern Protective Group, Pendulum, Fletcher and MIA business combinations.

(in thousands)	Lanier	Highland	IRP	Rosenthal	TBA/RBA	All Others	Totals
Cash consideration paid	\$ 24,450	\$ 6,603	\$ 26,223	\$ 75,936	\$ 76,272	\$ 28,634	\$ 238,118
Fair value of contingent earnout consideration	1,628	788	5,521	7,051	7,000	4,624	26,612
Fair value of equity interest	6,119	4,500	7,535	10,147	21,427	2,847	52,575
Deferred payment	—	—	—	—	300	59	359
Total consideration	\$ 32,197	\$ 11,891	\$ 39,279	\$ 93,134	\$ 104,999	\$ 36,164	\$ 317,664
Cash	\$ 2,413	\$ 1,542	\$ 1,694	\$ 954	\$ —	\$ 1,112	\$ 7,715
Premiums, commissions and fees receivable	2,494	5,929	3,229	4,734	8,731	1,718	26,835
Property and equipment	294	—	123	—	—	26	443
Other assets	168	13	11	11	—	19	222
Intangible assets							—
Purchased customer accounts	4,312	—	6,250	33,670	53,900	3,489	101,621
Distributor relationships	—	6,500	—	—	—	12,880	19,380
Carrier relationships	—	659	—	—	—	—	659
Software	—	—	—	—	—	565	565
Trade names	—	214	—	939	179	77	1,409
Goodwill	25,735	4,276	32,273	56,253	44,264	17,125	179,926
Total assets acquired	35,416	19,133	43,580	96,561	107,074	37,011	338,775
Premiums and producer commissions payable	(2,954)	(6,374)	(4,301)	(3,427)	(2,075)	(586)	(19,717)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(265)	(868)	—	—	—	(261)	(1,394)
Total liabilities acquired	(3,219)	(7,242)	(4,301)	(3,427)	(2,075)	(847)	(21,111)
Net assets acquired	\$ 32,197	\$ 11,891	\$ 39,279	\$ 93,134	\$ 104,999	\$ 36,164	\$ 317,664
Maximum potential contingent earnout consideration <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 11,000	\$ 2,450	\$ 44,399	\$ 30,843	\$ 30,147	\$ 15,930	\$ 134,769

(1) IRP has an uncapped earnout. The maximum potential earnout consideration represented has been calculated assuming 50% compound annual revenue growth for three years.

Due to the complexity of valuing the consideration paid and the purchase price allocation and the timing of these activities, certain amounts included in the condensed consolidated financial statements may be provisional and subject to additional adjustments within the measurement period as permitted by Topic 805. Any measurement period adjustments related to prior period business combinations are reflected as current period adjustments in accordance with Topic 805.

The factors contributing to the recognition of the amount of goodwill are based on expanding business presence into new geographic locations and service markets, strategic benefits that are expected to be realized from acquiring the Partners' assembled workforce in addition to other synergies gained from integrating the Partners' operations into our consolidated structure.



The intangible assets acquired in connection with business combinations during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 have the following estimated weighted-average lives:

	<b>Weighted-Average Life</b>
Purchased customer accounts	19.3 years
Distributor relationships	20.0 years
Carrier relationships	0.8 years
Software	2.0 years
Trade names	4.3 years

Future annual estimated amortization expense over the next five years for intangible assets acquired in connection with business combinations during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 is as follows:

<b>(in thousands)</b>	<b>Amount</b>
For the remainder of 2020	\$ 2,092
2021	8,545
2022	8,280
2023	8,132
2024	7,942

The following unaudited pro forma consolidated results of operations are provided for illustrative purposes only and have been presented as if the acquisitions of Lanier, Highland, AgencyRM, VibrantUSA, IRP, Southern Protective Group, Pendulum, Rosenthal, TBA/RBA, Fletcher and MIA occurred on January 1, 2019. This unaudited pro forma information should not be relied upon as being indicative of the historical results that would have been obtained if the acquisitions had occurred on that date, nor of the results that may be obtained in the future.

<b>(in thousands, except per share data)</b>	<b>For the Three Months Ended September 30,</b>		<b>For the Nine Months Ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
<b>Pro forma results:</b>				
Revenues	\$ 66,075	\$ 56,095	\$ 201,960	\$ 163,522
Net income (loss)	(7,588)	(3,448)	(882)	5,647
Net loss attributable to BRP Group, Inc.	(3,250)		(320)	
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (0.10)		\$ (0.01)	
Weighted-average shares of Class A common stock outstanding - basic and diluted	33,107		24,408	

#### 4. Variable Interest Entities

Topic 810 requires a reporting entity to consolidate a variable interest entity (“VIE”) when the reporting entity has a variable interest or combination of variable interests that provide the entity with a controlling financial interest in the VIE. The Company continually assesses whether it has a controlling financial interest in each of its VIEs to determine if it is the primary beneficiary of the VIE and should, therefore, consolidate each of the VIEs. A reporting entity is considered to have a controlling financial interest in a VIE if it has (i) the power to direct the activities of a VIE that most significantly impact the VIE’s economic performance, and (ii) the obligation to absorb the losses of, or the right to receive benefits from, the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

The Company determined that it is the primary beneficiary of its VIEs, which, at September 30, 2019, included The Villages Insurance Partners, LLC (“TVIP”) and the Company’s joint ventures, BKS-IPEO JV Partners, LLC (“IPEO”), Laureate Insurance Partners, LLC (“Laureate”), BKS Smith, LLC (“Smith”), BKS MS, LLC (“Saunders”) and BKS Partners Galati Marine Solutions, LLC (“Galati”). In connection with the reorganization transactions and initial public offering in October 2019, the Company acquired the equity interests of TVIP and IPEO, which became wholly-owned subsidiaries of BRP and, accordingly, are no longer VIEs of the Company at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. The Company has consolidated its VIEs into the consolidated financial statements.

Total revenues and expenses of the Company's consolidated VIEs included in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) were \$180,000 and \$159,000, respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and \$3.3 million and \$2.4 million, respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2019. Total revenues and expenses of the Company's consolidated VIEs included in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) were \$583,000 and \$498,000, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and \$11.1 million and \$7.1 million, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2019. The revenues and expenses of TVIP and iPEO are included in the revenues and expenses of the Company's consolidated VIEs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019.

The assets of the consolidated VIEs can only be used to settle the obligations of the consolidated VIEs and the creditors of the liabilities of the consolidated VIEs do not have recourse to the Company. The following tables provide a summary of the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities of the Company's consolidated VIEs at each of the balance sheet dates:

(in thousands)	At September 30, 2020			
	Laureate	Smith	Saunders	Total
<b>Assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 91	\$ 1	\$ 30	\$ 122
Premiums, commissions and fees receivable, net	6	64	83	153
Total current assets	97	65	113	275
Property and equipment, net	23	—	—	23
Other assets	5	—	—	5
Total assets	\$ 125	\$ 65	\$ 113	\$ 303
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Premiums payable to insurance companies	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ 1
Producer commissions payable	—	—	19	19
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	7	—	—	7
Total liabilities	\$ 7	\$ —	\$ 20	\$ 27

(in thousands)	At December 31, 2019			
	Laureate	Smith	Saunders	Total
<b>Assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 46	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 47
Premiums, commissions and fees receivable, net	—	44	31	75
Total current assets	46	45	31	122
Property and equipment, net	31	—	—	31
Other assets	5	—	2	7
Total assets	\$ 82	\$ 45	\$ 33	\$ 160
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Premiums payable to insurance companies	\$ 3	\$ —	\$ 3	\$ 6
Producer commissions payable	2	5	8	15
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	4	25	—	29
Total liabilities	\$ 9	\$ 30	\$ 11	\$ 50

## 5. Revenue

The following table provides disaggregated commissions and fees revenue by major source:

(in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Direct bill revenue <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 26,996	\$ 17,664	\$ 77,535	\$ 53,258
Agency bill revenue <sup>(2)</sup>	28,130	14,253	64,815	31,084
Profit-sharing revenue <sup>(3)</sup>	3,535	1,587	11,285	7,877
Policy fee and installment fee revenue <sup>(4)</sup>	4,051	2,719	11,086	5,112
Consulting and service fee revenue <sup>(5)</sup>	720	1,111	2,228	2,337
Other income <sup>(6)</sup>	2,411	1,049	4,321	1,612
<b>Total commissions and fees</b>	<b>\$ 65,843</b>	<b>\$ 38,383</b>	<b>\$ 171,270</b>	<b>\$ 101,280</b>

- (1) Direct bill revenue represents commission revenue earned by facilitating the arrangement between individuals or businesses and Insurance Company Partners by providing insurance placement services to Clients, primarily for private risk management, commercial risk management, employee benefits and Medicare insurance types.
- (2) Agency bill revenue primarily represents commission revenue earned by facilitating the arrangement between individuals or businesses and Insurance Company Partners by providing insurance placement services to Clients. The Company acts as an agent on behalf of the Client for the term of the insurance policy.
- (3) Profit-sharing revenue represents bonus-type revenue that is earned by the Company as a sales incentive provided by certain Insurance Company Partners.
- (4) Policy fee revenue represents revenue earned for acting in the capacity of an MGA on behalf of the Insurance Company Partner and fulfilling certain services including delivery of policy documents, processing payments and other administrative functions. Installment fee revenue represents revenue earned by the Company for providing payment processing services on behalf of the Insurance Company Partner related to policy premiums paid on an installment basis.
- (5) Service fee revenue is earned by receiving negotiated fees in lieu of a commission and consulting revenue is earned by providing specialty insurance consulting.
- (6) Other income consists of Medicare marketing income that is based on agreed-upon cost reimbursement for fulfilling specific targeted marketing campaigns in addition to other fee income and premium financing income generated across all Operating Groups.

The application of ASC Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (“Topic 606”), requires the use of management judgment. The following are the areas of most significant judgment as it relates to Topic 606:

- The Company considers the policyholders as representative of its customers in the majority of contractual relationships, with the exception of contracts in its Medicare operating segment, where the Insurance Company Partner is considered its customer.
- Contracts in the Medicare operating segment are multi-year arrangements in which the Company is entitled to renewal commissions. However, the Company has applied a constraint to renewal commission that limits revenue recognized on new policies to the policy year in effect, and revenue recognized on renewed policies to the receipt of periodic cash, when a risk of significant reversals exists based on: (i) insufficient history; and (ii) the influence of external factors outside of the Company’s control, including policyholder discretion over plans and Insurance Company Partner relationship, political influence, and a contractual provision, which limits the Company’s right to receive renewal commissions to ongoing compliance and regulatory approval of the relevant Insurance Company Partner and compliance with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
- The Company recognizes separately contracted commissions revenue at the effective date of insurance placement and considers any ongoing interaction with the customer to be immaterial in the context of the contract.
- Variable consideration includes estimates of direct bill commissions, a reserve for policy cancellations and an estimate of profit-sharing revenue.

- Costs to obtain a contract are deferred and recognized over five years, which represents management’s estimate of the average period over which a Client maintains its initial coverage relationship with the original Insurance Company Partner.
- Due to the relatively short time period between the information gathering phase and binding insurance coverage, the Company has determined that costs to fulfill contracts are not significant. Therefore, costs to fulfill a contract are expensed as incurred.

## 6. Contract Assets and Liabilities

Contract assets arise when the Company recognizes revenue for amounts which have not yet been billed and contract liabilities relate to payments received in advance of performance under the contract before the transfer of a good or service to the customer. Contract assets are included in premiums, commissions and fees receivable, net and contract liabilities are included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The balances of contract assets and liabilities arising from contracts with customers are as follows:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Contract assets	\$ 49,872	\$ 47,337
Contract liabilities	7,542	5,349

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company recognized revenue of \$5.2 million related to the contract liabilities balance at December 31, 2019.

## 7. Deferred Commission Expense

The Company pays an incremental amount of compensation in the form of producer commissions on new business. In accordance with ASC Topic 340, *Other Assets and Deferred Costs*, these incremental costs are deferred and amortized over five years, which represents management’s estimate of the average benefit period. Deferred commission expense represents employee commissions that are capitalized and not yet expensed. The table below provides a rollforward of deferred commission expense for each of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

(in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 4,060	\$ 3,094	\$ 3,621	\$ 2,882
Costs capitalized	540	599	1,649	1,280
Amortization	(344)	(274)	(1,014)	(743)
Balance at end of period	\$ 4,256	\$ 3,419	\$ 4,256	\$ 3,419

## 8. Intangible Assets, Net and Goodwill

The Company recognizes certain separately identifiable intangible assets acquired in connection with business combinations and asset acquisitions. Refer to Note 3 for a summary of intangible assets acquired in connection with business combinations during the nine months ended September 30, 2020. Intangible assets consist of the following:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2020			December 31, 2019		
	Gross Carrying Value	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Value	Gross Carrying Value	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Value
Purchased customer accounts	\$ 156,303	\$ (15,692)	\$ 140,611	\$ 53,987	\$ (9,143)	\$ 44,844
Software	31,161	(9,773)	21,388	30,590	(5,070)	25,520
Distributor relationships	32,380	(1,093)	31,287	13,000	(331)	12,669
Carrier relationships	7,859	(945)	6,914	7,200	(170)	7,030
Trade names	4,022	(667)	3,355	2,613	(226)	2,387
Totals	\$ 231,725	\$ (28,170)	\$ 203,555	\$ 107,390	\$ (14,940)	\$ 92,450

Amortization expense recorded for intangible assets was \$5.2 million and \$3.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and \$13.2 million and \$6.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Refer to Note 3 for a summary of goodwill recorded in connection with business combinations during the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The changes in carrying value of goodwill by Operating Group for the period are as follows:

(in thousands)	Middle Market	Specialty	MainStreet	Medicare	Total
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 52,932	\$ 60,115	\$ 38,892	\$ 12,531	\$ 164,470
Goodwill of acquired businesses	165,266	6,267	—	8,393	179,926
Balance at September 30, 2020	<u>\$ 218,198</u>	<u>\$ 66,382</u>	<u>\$ 38,892</u>	<u>\$ 20,924</u>	<u>\$ 344,396</u>

## 9. Long-Term Debt

The Company has a syndicated credit agreement with JPMorgan as successor agent and lead arranger (the “Old JPM Credit Agreement”), which has a maturity date of September 23, 2024. At December 31, 2019, the Old JPM Credit Agreement provided for an aggregate borrowing capacity of \$225.0 million under a revolving credit commitment (the “Revolving Credit Commitment”), of which no more than \$65.0 million of the aggregate borrowing capacity is available for working capital purposes and the entirety of which is available to fund acquisitions.

On March 12, 2020, the Company entered into the Incremental Facility Amendment No. 1 to the Old JPM Credit Agreement to increase the aggregate borrowing capacity to \$300.0 million. The Company capitalized debt issuance costs related to the amendment of \$230,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

On June 18, 2020, the Company executed the Incremental Facility Amendment No. 3 to the Old JPM Credit Agreement, which (i) increased the aggregate borrowing capacity to \$400.0 million and (ii) added a new lender to the syndicate. All other terms of the JPMorgan Credit Agreement remain unchanged. The Company capitalized debt issuance costs related to the amendment of \$1.7 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the variable rate in effect for the Old JPM Credit Agreement was the London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR”) due to a repricing option. The applicable interest rate on the Revolving Credit Commitment was 2.19% and 3.81% at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

The Old JPM Credit Agreement requires the Company to meet certain financial covenants and comply with customary affirmative and negative covenants as listed in the underlying agreement. The Company was in compliance with these covenants at September 30, 2020. Refer to Note 16 for changes to the Old JPM Credit Agreement subsequent to September 30, 2020.

## 10. Related Party Transactions

### Commission Revenue

The Company serves as a broker for Holding Company of the Villages, Inc. (“Villages”), a related party entity. Commission revenue recorded as a result of these transactions was \$339,000 and \$537,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and \$1.1 million and \$1.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The Company serves as a broker for certain entities in which a member of our board of directors has a material interest. Commission revenue recorded as a result of these transactions was \$119,000 and \$152,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and \$243,000 and \$270,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

### Rent Expense

The Company has various agreements to lease office space from wholly-owned subsidiaries of Villages. Total rent expense incurred with respect to Villages and its wholly-owned subsidiaries was \$128,000 and \$125,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and \$412,000 and \$374,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The Company has various agreements to lease office space from other related parties. Total rent expense incurred with respect to related parties other than Villages was \$368,000 and \$156,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and \$1.1 million and \$454,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

### LLC Unit Redemptions

In connection with the public offering of our Class A common stock in June 2020, we repurchased 1,875,000 LLC Units from Lowry Baldwin, the Company's Chairman, 450,000 LLC Units from Elizabeth Krystyn, one of the Company's founders, and 150,000 LLC Units from Laura Sherman, one of the Company's founders, at a price per LLC Unit equal to the price per share paid by the underwriters in the public offering.

### 11. Share-Based Compensation

The Company has an Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "Omnibus Plan") to motivate and reward employees ("Colleagues") and other individuals to perform at the highest level and contribute significantly to the Company's success, thereby furthering the best interests of its shareholders. The Omnibus Plan provides for the Company to make awards of 1,948,414 shares of Class A common stock at September 30, 2020. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company granted restricted stock under the Omnibus Plan to its non-employee directors, executives and Colleagues, including those executives and Colleagues who onboarded in connection with our Partnerships. Shares of restricted stock issued to directors and executives during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 generally vested immediately upon issuance while shares issued to Colleagues and Risk Advisors generally either cliff vest after 2 to 5 years or vest ratably over 3 to 5 years.

The following table summarizes the activity for non-vested awards granted by the Company under the Omnibus Plan:

	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value Per Share	Weighted-Average Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Outstanding at December 31, 2019	330,244	\$ 14.00	3.66	\$ 677
Granted	645,843	14.71	2.15	
Vested and settled	(161,965)	11.45		54
Forfeited	(30,551)	14.14		
Outstanding at September 30, 2020	<u>783,571</u>	\$ 15.11	2.64	\$ 7,683

The total fair value of shares that vested and settled during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 was \$1.9 million.

The Company recognizes share-based compensation expense for the Omnibus Plan net of actual forfeitures. The Company recorded share-based compensation expense of \$1.2 million and \$2.5 million in connection with the Omnibus Plan and Management Incentive Units Plan for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, respectively, which is included in commissions, employee compensation and benefits expense in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

### 12. Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income attributable to BRP Group, Inc. by the weighted-average number of shares of Class A common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed giving effect to all potentially dilutive shares of Class B common stock.

The shares of Class B common stock do not share in the earnings or losses attributable to BRP Group, and therefore, are not participating securities. Accordingly, a separate presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share of Class B common stock under the two-class method has not been included. The 45,247,711 shares of Class B common stock have been excluded in computing diluted net earnings per share because including them on an "if-converted" basis would have an anti-dilutive effect. In addition, the 783,571 shares of unvested restricted Class A common stock were excluded from the diluted calculation, as their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive as the Company was in a net loss position.

The following is a calculation of the basic and diluted weighted-average number of shares of Class A common stock outstanding and earnings per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020.

(in thousands, except per share data)	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2020	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020
Basic and diluted net loss per share:		
Net loss attributable to BRP Group, Inc.	\$ (3,268)	\$ (5,388)
Shares used for basic net loss per share:		
Basic and diluted weighted-average shares of Class A common stock outstanding	33,098	24,371
Basic and diluted net loss per share	<u>\$ (0.10)</u>	<u>\$ (0.22)</u>

### 13. Fair Value Measurements

Topic 820 established a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurement). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under Topic 820 are described below:

- Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted market prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market.
- Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

An asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

#### Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 are based on limited unobservable inputs. These methods may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of the net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the Company believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table summarizes the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis within each level of the fair value hierarchy:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
<b>Level 3</b>		
Contingently returnable consideration	\$ 299	\$ 70
Level 3 Assets	<u>\$ 299</u>	<u>\$ 70</u>
Contingent earnout liabilities	\$ 85,388	\$ 48,769
Level 3 Liabilities	<u>\$ 85,388</u>	<u>\$ 48,769</u>

The Company's contingently returnable consideration at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 represents a contingent right of return from a Partner to reimburse the Company for a portion of the purchase price as part of the Partnership transaction. The fair value of the contingently returnable consideration is based on sales projections for the acquired entity, which are reassessed each reporting period. Based on the Company's ongoing assessment of the fair value of contingently returnable consideration, the Company recorded a net increase in the estimated fair value of such asset of \$229,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The Company has assessed the maximum refund relating to the contingently returnable consideration to be \$1.3 million at September 30, 2020.

The fair value of contingent earnout liabilities is based on sales projections for the acquired entities, which are reassessed each reporting period. Based on the Company's ongoing assessment of the fair value of contingent earnout liability, the Company recorded a net increase in the estimated fair value of such liabilities of \$12.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The Company has assessed the maximum estimated exposure to the contingent earnout liabilities to be \$233.6 million at September 30, 2020.

The Company measures contingently returnable consideration and contingent earnout liabilities at fair value at each reporting period using significant unobservable inputs classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The Company uses a probability weighted value analysis as a valuation technique to convert future estimated cash flows to a single present value amount. The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurements are sales projections over the earnout period, and the probability outcome percentages assigned to each scenario. Significant increases or decreases to either of these inputs would result in a significantly higher or lower asset or liability with a higher asset capped by the contractual maximum of the contingently returnable consideration and a higher liability capped by the contractual maximum of the contingent earnout liabilities. Ultimately, the asset and liability will be equivalent to the amount settled, and the difference between the fair value estimate and amount settled will be recorded in earnings for business combinations, or as a reduction of the cost of the assets acquired for asset acquisitions. Refer to Note 3 for additional information regarding contingently returnable consideration and contingent earnout consideration recorded in connection with business acquisitions.

The fair value of the contingent earnout liabilities is based on the present value of the expected future payments to be made to Partners in accordance with the provisions outlined in the respective purchase agreements, which is a Level 3 fair value measurement. In determining fair value, the Company estimates the Partner's future performance using financial projections developed by management for the Partner and market participant assumptions that were derived for revenue growth or profitability based on earnings before income taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"). Revenue and EBITDA growth rates generally ranged from 5% to 20%. The Company estimates future payments using the earnout formula and performance targets specified in each purchase agreement and these financial projections. These payments are discounted to present value using a risk-adjusted rate that takes into consideration market-based rates of return that reflect the ability of the Partner to achieve the targets. These discount rates generally ranged from 6.00% to 18.00%. Changes in financial projections, market participant assumptions for revenue growth and profitability, or the risk-adjusted discount rate, would result in a change in the fair value of contingent consideration.

The following table sets forth a summary of the changes in the fair value of the Company's contingently returnable consideration and contingent earnout liabilities, which are measured at fair value on a recurring basis utilizing Level 3 assumptions in their valuation:

(in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,			For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2020		2019	2020		2019
	Contingently Returnable Consideration	Contingent Earnout Liabilities	Contingent Earnout Liabilities	Contingently Returnable Consideration	Contingent Earnout Liabilities	Contingent Earnout Liabilities
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 387	\$ 78,535	\$ 31,111	\$ 70	\$ 48,769	\$ 9,249
Fair value of contingent consideration issuances	—	1,424	3,498	—	26,612	29,117
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	(88)	6,367	535	229	12,926	(3,222)
Payment of contingent consideration	—	(938)	—	—	(2,919)	—
Balance at end of period	\$ 299	\$ 85,388	\$ 35,144	\$ 299	\$ 85,388	\$ 35,144

Substantially all of the change in fair value of contingent consideration during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 related to assets and liabilities that were held at the end of the respective periods.



## Fair Value of Other Financial Instruments

The fair value of the Revolving Credit Commitment is classified as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy. Fair value is based on an estimate using a discounted cash flow analysis based on current borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements. The fair value of the Revolving Credit Commitment was approximately \$98.8 million at September 30, 2020 compared to a carrying value of \$101.0 million. The carrying amount of the Revolving Credit Commitment of \$40.4 million approximated fair value at December 31, 2019 as a result of the Old JPM Credit Agreement having been amended and restated at market terms on December 19, 2019.

## 14. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is involved in various claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

## 15. Segment Information

BRP Group's business is divided into four Operating Groups: Middle Market, Specialty, MainStreet, and Medicare.

- Middle Market provides private risk management, commercial risk management and employee benefits solutions for mid-to-large size businesses and high net worth individuals and families.
- Specialty represents a wholesale co-brokerage platform that delivers specialty insurers, professionals, individuals and niche industry businesses expanded access to exclusive specialty markets, capabilities and programs requiring complex underwriting and placement. Specialty also represents a leading technology platform, MGA of the Future, which is a national renter's insurance product distributed via sub-agent partners and property management software providers, which has expanded distribution capabilities for new products through our wholesale and retail networks.
- MainStreet offers personal insurance, commercial insurance and life and health solutions to individuals and businesses in their communities.
- Medicare offers consultation for government assistance programs and solutions, including traditional Medicare and Medicare Advantage, to seniors and Medicare-eligible individuals through a network of agents.

In the Middle Market, MainStreet, and Specialty Operating Groups, the Company generates commissions and fees from insurance placement under both agency bill and direct bill arrangements. In addition, the Company generates profit sharing income in each of those segments based on either the underlying book of business or performance, such as loss ratios. In the Middle Market Operating Group only, the Company generates fees from service fee and consulting arrangements. Service fee arrangements are in place with certain customers in lieu of commission arrangements.

In the Medicare Operating Group, the Company generates commissions and fees in the form of direct bill insurance placement and marketing income. Marketing income is earned through co-branded marketing campaigns with the Company's Insurance Company Partners.

The Company's chief operating decision maker, the chief executive officer, uses net income before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, and one-time transactional-related expenses or non-recurring items to manage resources and make decisions about the business.

Summarized financial information concerning the Company's Operating Groups is shown in the following tables. The Corporate and Other non-reportable segment includes any expenses not allocated to the Operating Groups and corporate-related items, including related party and third-party interest expense. Intersegment revenue and expenses are eliminated through the Corporate and Other column. Service center expenses and other overhead are allocated to the Company's Operating Groups based on either revenue or headcount as applicable to each expense.

	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2020						
(in thousands)	Middle Market	Specialty	MainStreet	Medicare	Corporate and Other	Total	
Commissions and fees	\$ 26,561	\$ 27,486	\$ 7,905	\$ 4,101	\$ (210)	\$ 65,843	
Net income (loss)	1,175	(1,278)	1,197	214	(8,923)	(7,615)	

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2019						
(in thousands)	Middle Market	Specialty	MainStreet	Medicare	Corporate and Other	Total
Commissions and fees	\$ 12,836	\$ 16,732	\$ 6,642	\$ 2,173	\$ —	\$ 38,383
Net income (loss)	295	2,190	1,016	388	(6,195)	(2,306)

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020						
(in thousands)	Middle Market	Specialty	MainStreet	Medicare	Corporate and Other	Total
Commissions and fees	\$ 69,311	\$ 64,358	\$ 23,917	\$ 13,894	\$ (210)	\$ 171,270
Net income (loss)	11,789	(6,190)	3,397	2,661	(22,424)	(10,767)

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019						
(in thousands)	Middle Market	Specialty	MainStreet	Medicare	Corporate and Other	Total
Commissions and fees	\$ 41,481	\$ 32,497	\$ 18,942	\$ 8,360	\$ —	\$ 101,280
Net income (loss)	10,475	1,590	4,596	2,833	(15,017)	4,477

(in thousands)	Middle Market	Specialty	MainStreet	Medicare	Corporate and Other	Total
Total assets at September 30, 2020	405,278	195,947	59,873	42,362	19,304	\$ 722,764
Total assets at December 31, 2019	105,353	154,983	60,253	17,533	60,646	398,768

## 16. Subsequent Events

On October 12, 2020, the Company filed a Certificate of Amendment to its Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation with the Secretary of the State of Delaware to increase the number of authorized shares of Class B common stock from 50,000,000 to 100,000,000.

On October 14, 2020, the Company entered into a new credit agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., to provide new senior secured credit facilities in an aggregate principal amount of \$800.0 million. The amount consists of (i) a new term loan facility in the principal amount of \$400.0 million maturing in 2027 (the "Term Loan B") and (ii) a new revolving credit facility with commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$400.0 million maturing in 2025 (the "Revolving Facility"). The Company used a portion of the proceeds from the Term Loan B to repay in full the Company's obligations under its Old JPM Credit Agreement and concurrently terminated the existing agreement.

Interest rates under the Revolving Facility will remain the same as the interest rates under the Old JPM Credit Agreement, with borrowings accruing interest on amounts drawn at LIBOR plus 200 basis points ("bps") to LIBOR plus 300 bps based on total net leverage ratio. The Term Loan B will bear interest at LIBOR plus 400 bps.

On November 5, 2020, the Company announced that Baldwin Krystyn Sherman Partners, LLC, a subsidiary of BRP Group, has entered into an agreement to acquire all of the outstanding equity interests of Insgroup, Inc., a Houston, Texas based provider of commercial property and casualty insurance, employee benefits, private risk services and surety to middle-market companies and individuals. The Partnership is expected to close on November 30, 2020, subject to certain closing conditions.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes and other financial information included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the Annual Report on Form 10-K. In addition to historical consolidated financial information, the following discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates, and beliefs. Our actual results may differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those set forth in Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors and Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in the Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### THE COMPANY

BRP Group, Inc. (“BRP Group,” the “Company,” “we,” “us” or “our”) is a rapidly growing independent insurance distribution firm delivering solutions that give our Clients the peace of mind to pursue their purpose, passion and dreams. We support our Clients, Colleagues, Insurance Company Partners and communities through the deployment of vanguard resources and capital to drive organic and inorganic growth. We are innovating the industry by taking a holistic and tailored approach to risk management, insurance and employee benefits. Our growth plan includes increased geographic representation across the U.S., expanded client value propositions and new lines of insurance to meet the needs of evolving lifestyles, business risks and healthcare funding. We are a destination employer supported by an award-winning culture, powered by exceptional people and fueled by industry-leading growth and innovation.

We represent over 500,000 Clients across the United States and internationally. Our more than 800 Colleagues include approximately 250 Risk Advisors, who are fiercely independent, relentlessly competitive and “insurance geeks.” We have over 50 offices, all of which are equipped to provide diversified products and services to empower our clients at every stage through our four Operating Groups.

- **Middle Market** provides expertly-designed private risk management, commercial risk management and employee benefits solutions for mid-to-large-size businesses and high net worth individuals, as well as their families.
- **MainStreet** offers personal insurance, commercial insurance and life and health solutions to individuals and businesses in their communities.
- **Medicare** offers consultation for government assistance programs and solutions to seniors and Medicare-eligible individuals through a network of agents.
- **Specialty** delivers specialty insurers, professionals, individuals and niche industry businesses expanded access to exclusive specialty markets, capabilities and programs requiring complex underwriting and placement.

In 2011, we adopted the “Azimuth” as our corporate constitution. Named after a historical navigation tool used to find “true north,” the Azimuth asserts our core values, business basics and stakeholder promises. The ideals encompassed by the Azimuth support our mission to deliver indispensable, tailored insurance and risk management insights and solutions to our clients. We strive to be regarded as the preeminent insurance advisory firm fueled by relationships, powered by people and exemplified by client adoption and loyalty. This type of environment is upheld by the distinct vernacular we use to describe our services and culture. We are a firm, instead of an agency; we have Colleagues, instead of employees; we have Risk Advisors, instead of producers/agents. We serve clients instead of customers and we refer to our acquisitions as Partnerships. We refer to insurance brokerages that we have acquired, or in the case of asset acquisitions, the producers, as Partners.

The insurance brokerage market is seasonal and our results of operations are somewhat affected by seasonal trends. Our Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margins are typically highest in the first quarter and lowest in the fourth quarter. This variation is primarily due to fluctuations in our revenues, while overhead remains consistent throughout the year. Our revenues are generally highest in the first quarter due to the impact of contingent payments received in the first quarter from Insurance Company Partners that we cannot readily estimate before receipt without the risk of significant reversal and a higher degree of first quarter policy commencements and renewals in Medicare and certain Middle Market lines of business such as employee benefits and commercial. In addition, a higher proportion of our first quarter revenue is derived from our highest margin businesses. As discussed further below, the COVID-19 pandemic may skew these general trends due to reduced amounts of new business and reductions in business from existing Clients related to the pandemic.

Partnerships can significantly impact Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margins in a given year and may increase the amount of seasonality within the business, especially results attributable to Partnerships that have not been fully integrated into our business or owned by us for a full year.

On June 29, 2020, we completed a public offering of 13,225,000 shares of our Class A common stock, including 1,725,000 shares sold pursuant to the underwriters' over-allotment option. The shares were sold at an offering price of \$13.25 per share for net proceeds of \$166.5 million after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions of \$7.9 million and offering expenses of \$798,000.

## **PARTNERSHIPS**

We utilize strategic acquisitions, which we refer to as Partnerships, to complement and expand our business. The financial impact of Partnerships may affect the comparability of our results from period to period. Our acquisition strategy also entails certain risks, including the risks that we may not be able to successfully source, close, integrate and effectively manage businesses that we acquire. To mitigate that risk, we have a professional team focused on finding new Partners and integrating new Partnerships. We plan to execute on numerous Partnerships annually as it is a key pillar in our long-term growth strategy over the next ten years.

We completed 11 Partnerships for an aggregate purchase price of \$317.7 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and six Partnerships for an aggregate purchase price of \$174.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2019. Partnerships completed during 2020 added \$26.8 million of premiums, commissions and fees receivable, \$123.6 million of intangible assets and \$179.9 million of goodwill to the condensed consolidated balance sheet. We borrowed an additional \$185.6 million under the revolving credit commitment (the "Revolving Credit Commitment") of the Old JPM Credit Agreement to assist with funding acquisitions during 2020.

For additional information on the Partnerships that we have completed during 2020, see Note 3 to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1. Financial Statements of this report.

On November 5, 2020, we announced that we have entered into an agreement to acquire all of the outstanding equity interests of Insgroup, Inc. ("Insgroup"). The Partnership is expected to close on November 30, 2020, subject to certain closing conditions.

## **NOVEL CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)**

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared a novel strain of the coronavirus, COVID-19, a pandemic. This COVID-19 outbreak has become increasingly widespread and severely restricted the level of economic activity around the world. In response to this outbreak, the governments of many countries, states, cities and other geographic regions, including in the United States, have taken preventive or protective actions, such as imposing restrictions on travel and business operations and advising or requiring individuals to limit or forgo their time outside of their homes. In the United States, temporary closures of businesses have been ordered and numerous other businesses have temporarily closed voluntarily.

Our Clients and Colleagues are our first priority and we have taken steps to ensure their safety by implementing a remote work environment for the majority of our Colleagues without disruption to Client service. We have funded the BRP True North Colleague Fund to assist with relief for COVID-19 and other qualifying disasters for our Colleagues experiencing extraordinary hardship and are currently matching Colleague donations dollar-for-dollar.

We intend to continue to execute on our strategic plans and operational initiatives during the pandemic. However, given the uncertainty regarding the spread and severity of COVID-19, the duration and scope of the government shutdowns, the nature of societal responses and the adverse effects on the national and global economy, the related financial impact on our business cannot be accurately predicted at this time. The national and global economies have rapidly contracted as a result of COVID-19. The decreased level of economic activity is leading to, and is likely to continue to lead to, a decline in exposure units and rising unemployment. In addition, the uncertainties associated with the protective and preventive measures being put in place or recommended by both governmental entities and other businesses, among other uncertainties, may result in delays or modifications to our plans and initiatives. See Part II, Item 1A. "Risk Factors - The ongoing novel coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic could result in declines in business and increases in claims that could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations" in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2020.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and the related notes and other financial information included elsewhere in this report. In addition to historical financial information, the following discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our actual results and timing of selected events may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of many factors, including those discussed under Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 and Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2020.

The following is a discussion of our consolidated results of operations for each of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

(in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,			For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2020	2019	Variance	2020	2019	Variance
<b>Revenues:</b>						
Commissions and fees	\$ 65,843	\$ 38,383	\$ 27,460	\$ 171,270	\$ 101,280	\$ 69,990
<b>Operating expenses:</b>						
Commissions, employee compensation and benefits	48,469	26,788	21,681	122,280	67,068	55,212
Other operating expenses	12,146	6,320	5,826	30,577	16,711	13,866
Amortization expense	5,185	3,082	2,103	13,231	6,793	6,438
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	6,455	535	5,920	12,697	(3,222)	15,919
Depreciation expense	258	184	74	663	460	203
Total operating expenses	72,513	36,909	35,604	179,448	87,810	91,638
Operating income (loss)	(6,670)	1,474	(8,144)	(8,178)	13,470	(21,648)
<b>Other expense:</b>						
Interest expense, net	(922)	(3,785)	2,863	(2,554)	(8,998)	6,444
Other income (expense)	(23)	5	(28)	(23)	5	(28)
Total other expense	(945)	(3,780)	2,835	(2,577)	(8,993)	6,416
Income (loss) before income taxes	(7,615)	(2,306)	(5,309)	(10,755)	4,477	(15,232)
Income tax provision	—	—	—	12	—	12
Net income (loss)	(7,615)	(2,306)	(5,309)	(10,767)	4,477	(15,244)
Less: net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(4,347)	(2,306)	(2,041)	(5,379)	4,477	(9,856)
Net loss attributable to BRP Group, Inc.	\$ (3,268)	\$ —	\$ (3,268)	\$ (5,388)	\$ —	\$ (5,388)

### Commissions and Fees

We earn commissions and fees by facilitating the arrangement between Insurance Company Partners and individuals or businesses for the carrier to provide insurance to the insured party. Our commissions and fees are usually a percentage of the premium paid by the insured and generally depends on the type of insurance, the particular Insurance Company Partner and the nature of the services provided. Under certain arrangements with clients, we earn pre-negotiated service fees in lieu of commissions. Additionally, we may also receive from Insurance Company Partners a profit-sharing commission, or straight override, which represent forms of variable consideration associated with the placement of coverage and are based primarily on underwriting results, but may also contain considerations for volume, growth or retention.

Commissions and fees increased by \$27.5 million and \$70.0 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same periods of 2019, respectively. This increase was related to amounts attributable to Partners acquired during 2019 and 2020 prior to their having reached the twelve-month owned mark (such amounts, the “Partnership Contribution”) and organic growth. The Partnership Contribution accounted for \$19.6 million and \$54.6 million of the increase to commissions and fees for the quarter and year-to-date periods, respectively, and organic growth accounted for \$7.8 million and \$15.4 million, respectively.

### Major Sources of Commissions and Fees

The following table sets forth our commissions and fees by major source by amount for the periods indicated:

(in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,			For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2020	2019	Variance	2020	2019	Variance
Direct bill revenue	\$ 26,996	\$ 17,664	\$ 9,332	\$ 77,535	\$ 53,258	\$ 24,277
Agency bill revenue	28,130	14,253	13,877	64,815	31,084	33,731
Profit-sharing revenue	3,535	1,587	1,948	11,285	7,877	3,408
Policy fee and installment fee revenue	4,051	2,719	1,332	11,086	5,112	5,974
Consulting and service fee revenue	720	1,111	(391)	2,228	2,337	(109)
Other income	2,411	1,049	1,362	4,321	1,612	2,709
<b>Total commissions and fees</b>	<b>\$ 65,843</b>	<b>\$ 38,383</b>	<b>\$ 27,460</b>	<b>\$ 171,270</b>	<b>\$ 101,280</b>	<b>\$ 69,990</b>

Direct bill revenue represents commission revenue earned by providing insurance placement services to clients, primarily for private risk management, commercial risk management, employee benefits and Medicare insurance types. Direct bill revenue increased by \$9.3 million and \$24.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same periods of 2019, respectively. The Partnership Contribution accounted for \$9.2 million and \$21.3 million of the increase to direct bill revenue for the quarter and year-to-date periods, respectively. Organic growth for direct bill revenue was \$0.1 million and \$3.0 million for the quarter and year-to-date periods, respectively. Organic growth for direct bill revenue was negatively impacted by \$0.2 million for the year-to-date period as a result of incremental cancellation reserves related to COVID-19.

Agency bill revenue primarily represents commission revenue earned by providing insurance placement services to clients wherein we act as an agent on behalf of the Client. Agency bill revenue increased by \$13.9 million and \$33.7 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same periods of 2019, respectively. The Partnership Contribution accounted for \$7.8 million and \$24.0 million of the increase to agency bill revenue for the quarter and year-to-date periods, respectively. Organic growth for agency bill revenue was \$6.1 million and \$9.7 million for the quarter and year-to-date periods, respectively.

Profit-sharing revenue represents bonus-type or contingent revenue that is earned by us as a sales incentive provided by certain Insurance Company Partners. Profit-sharing revenue increased by \$1.9 million and \$3.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same periods of 2019, respectively. The Partnership Contribution accounted for \$1.2 million and \$3.2 million of the increase to profit-sharing revenue for the quarter and year-to-date periods, respectively. Profit-sharing revenue generated by legacy businesses was flat for the quarter and year-to-date periods, respectively. Profit-sharing revenue for the year-to-date period was affected by expected higher loss ratios in our Middle Market and MainStreet Operating Groups during the first half of 2020 and decreased underwriting in the Florida market by some of our Insurance Company Partners. We expect that rate pressure in the Florida market will increase base commissions and fees towards the end of 2020 and into 2021, but that profit-sharing revenue will continue to be challenged by disruption in the Florida personal lines market.

Policy fee and installment fee revenue represents revenue earned for acting in the capacity of an MGA and providing payment processing and services and other administrative functions on behalf of Insurance Company Partners. Policy fee and installment fee revenue increased by \$1.3 million and \$6.0 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same periods of 2019, respectively, from our “MGA of the Future,” which was acquired April 1, 2019 and resides in our Specialty Operating Group.

### **Commissions, Employee Compensation and Benefits**

Commissions, employee compensation and benefits is our largest expense. It consists of (a) base compensation comprising salary, bonuses and benefits paid and payable to Colleagues, commissions paid to Colleagues and outside commissions paid to others; and (b) equity-based compensation associated with the grants of restricted interest awards to senior management, Risk Advisors and executives. We expect to continue to experience a general rise in commissions, employee compensation and benefits expense commensurate with expected growth in our sales and headcount and as a result of increasing employee compensation related to ongoing public company costs. We operate in competitive markets for human capital and need to maintain competitive compensation levels as we expand geographically and create new products and services.

Our compensation arrangements with our employees contain significant bonus or commission components driven by the results of our operations. Therefore, as we grow commissions and fees, we expect compensation costs to rise.

Commissions, employee compensation and benefits expenses increased by \$21.7 million and \$55.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same periods of 2019, respectively. The Partnership Contribution accounted for \$13.8 million and \$36.0 million of the increase to commissions, employee compensation and benefits for the quarter and year-to-date periods, respectively. In addition, we had increased compensation for the quarter and year-to-date periods of \$2.2 million and \$4.6 million, respectively, as a result of 2019 and 2020 hiring for new roles necessary as a public company and to support our growth and \$1.9 million and \$4.6 million, respectively, related to share-based compensation expense.

### **Other Operating Expenses**

Other operating expenses include travel, accounting, legal and other professional fees, placement fees, rent, office expenses, depreciation and other costs associated with our operations. Our occupancy-related costs and professional services expenses, in particular, generally increase or decrease in relative proportion to the number of our employees and the overall size and scale of our business operations. In addition, we have invested in the expansion of our Tampa offices to accommodate our growth plans, which has resulted in an increase to rent expense beginning in April 2020. Certain corporate expenses are allocated to the Operating Groups.

Other operating expenses increased by \$5.8 million and \$13.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same periods of 2019, respectively. These increases were primarily attributable to operating expenses such as additional rent and increased software costs, professional fees, and other expenses. The Partnership Contribution accounted for \$1.5 million and \$4.7 million of the increase to other operating expenses for the quarter and year-to-date periods, respectively. Additionally, we had public company costs of \$0.8 million and \$2.3 million for the quarter and year-to-date periods, respectively, and higher professional fees related to being a public company.

### **Amortization Expense**

Amortization expense increased by \$2.1 million and \$6.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same periods of 2019, respectively. These increases were driven by amortization related to Partners acquired over the past year, including \$2.1 million and \$4.1 million related to intangible assets capitalized in connection with Partners acquired during 2020 for the quarter and year-to-date periods, respectively, and \$2.5 million related to intangible assets capitalized in connection with Partners acquired during 2019 for the year-to-date period.

### **Change in Fair Value of Contingent Consideration**

Change in fair value of contingent consideration was \$6.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to \$0.5 million for the same period of 2019. The change in fair value of contingent consideration results from fluctuations in the value of the relevant measurement basis, normally revenue or EBITDA, of our Partners. The expense recorded for the third quarter of 2020 related primarily to higher estimates for the contingent earnout liabilities of three Partners during the third quarter of 2020 related to growth of their business during the period under consolidation, offset in part by a decrease in estimate for one Partner.

Change in fair value of contingent consideration was \$12.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to \$(3.2) million for the same period of 2019. The expense recorded for the year-to-date period of 2020 related primarily to higher estimates for the contingent earnout liabilities of three Partners related to growth of their business during the period under consolidation, offset in part by a decrease in estimate for one Partner. The expense recorded for the year-to-date period of 2019 related primarily to lower estimates for the contingent earnout liabilities of three Partners, offset in part by an increase in estimate for one Partner.

### **Interest Expense, Net**

Interest expense, net decreased by \$2.9 million and \$6.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same periods of 2019, respectively, resulting from a significantly lower interest rate and lower average borrowings under the Revolving Credit Commitment in effect during 2020 compared to credit facilities in place during the first nine months of 2019. The applicable interest rate on the Revolving Credit Commitment was 2.19% at September 30, 2020. We expect interest expense to increase under the New JPM Credit Agreement, which is discussed under the Liquidity and Capital Resources section below.

### **NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES**

Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin, Organic Revenue, Organic Revenue Growth, Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Diluted Earnings Per Share (“EPS”), are not measures of financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered substitutes for GAAP measures, including commissions and fees (for Organic Revenue and Organic Revenue Growth), net income (loss) (for Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin) net income (loss) attributable to BRP Group, Inc. (for Adjusted Net Income) or diluted earnings (loss) per share (for Adjusted Diluted EPS), which we consider to be the most directly comparable GAAP measures. These non-GAAP financial measures have limitations as analytical tools, and when assessing our operating performance, you should not consider these non-GAAP financial measures in isolation or as substitutes for commissions and fees, net income (loss), net income (loss) attributable to BRP Group, Inc. or other consolidated income statement data prepared in accordance with GAAP. Other companies in our industry may define or calculate these non-GAAP financial measures differently than we do, and accordingly these measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

Adjusted EBITDA eliminates the effects of financing, depreciation, amortization and change in fair value of contingent consideration. We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, change in fair value of contingent consideration and certain items of income and expense, including share-based compensation expense, transaction-related expenses related to Partnerships including severance, and certain non-recurring costs, including those related to raising capital. We believe that Adjusted EBITDA is an appropriate measure of operating performance because it eliminates the impact of expenses that do not relate to business performance, and that the presentation of this measure enhances an investor’s understanding of our financial performance.

Adjusted EBITDA Margin is Adjusted EBITDA divided by commissions and fees. Adjusted EBITDA Margin is a key metric used by management and our board of directors to assess our financial performance. We believe that Adjusted EBITDA Margin is an appropriate measure of operating performance because it eliminates the impact of expenses that do not relate to business performance, and that the presentation of this measure enhances an investor’s understanding of our financial performance. We believe that Adjusted EBITDA Margin is helpful in measuring profitability of operations on a consolidated level.

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin have important limitations as analytical tools. For example, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin:

- do not reflect any cash capital expenditure requirements for the assets being depreciated and amortized that may have to be replaced in the future;
- do not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs;
- do not reflect the impact of certain cash charges resulting from matters we consider not to be indicative of our ongoing operations;
- do not reflect the interest expense or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments on our debt;
- do not reflect share-based compensation expense and other non-cash charges; and
- exclude certain tax payments that may represent a reduction in cash available to us.



We calculate Organic Revenue Growth based on commissions and fees for the relevant period by excluding the first twelve months of commissions and fees generated from new Partners. Organic Revenue Growth is the change in Organic Revenue period-to-period, with prior period results adjusted for Organic Revenues that were excluded in the prior period because the relevant Partners had not yet reached the twelve-month owned mark, but which have reached the twelve-month owned mark in the current period. For example, revenues from a Partner acquired on June 1, 2019 are excluded from Organic Revenue for 2019. However, after June 1, 2020, results from June 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019 for such Partners are compared to results from June 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020 for purposes of calculating Organic Revenue Growth in 2020. Organic Revenue Growth is a key metric used by management and our board of directors to assess our financial performance. We believe that Organic Revenue and Organic Revenue Growth are appropriate measures of operating performance as they allow investors to measure, analyze and compare growth in a meaningful and consistent manner.

Adjusted Net Income is presented for the purpose of calculating Adjusted Diluted EPS. We define Adjusted Net Income as net income (loss) attributable to BRP Group, Inc. adjusted for amortization, change in fair value of contingent consideration and certain items of income and expense, including share-based compensation expense, transaction-related expenses related to Partnerships including severance, and certain non-recurring costs that, in the opinion of management, significantly affect the period-over-period assessment of operating results, and the related tax effect of those adjustments.

Adjusted Diluted EPS measures our per share earnings excluding certain expenses as discussed above and assuming all shares of Class B common stock were exchanged for Class A common stock. Adjusted Diluted EPS is calculated as Adjusted Net Income divided by adjusted dilutive weighted-average shares outstanding. We believe Adjusted Diluted EPS is useful to investors because it enables them to better evaluate per share operating performance across reporting periods.

## Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

The following table reconciles Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin to net income (loss), which we consider to be the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure to Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin:

(in thousands, except percentages)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Commissions and fees	\$ 65,843	\$ 38,383	\$ 171,270	\$ 101,280
Net income (loss)	\$ (7,615)	\$ (2,306)	\$ (10,767)	\$ 4,477
Adjustments to net income (loss):				
Amortization expense	5,185	3,082	13,231	6,793
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	6,455	535	12,697	(3,222)
Share-based compensation	2,240	382	5,357	773
Interest expense, net	922	3,785	2,554	8,998
Depreciation expense	258	184	663	460
Transaction-related Partnership expenses	2,904	500	6,772	1,535
Severance related to Partnership activity	(324)	—	89	300
Capital related expenses	—	1,124	1,000	2,214
Income tax provision	—	—	12	—
Other	899	92	1,733	391
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 10,924	\$ 7,378	\$ 33,341	\$ 22,719
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	17 %	19 %	19 %	22 %

(1) Adjusted EBITDA for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 is higher than the sum of Adjusted EBITDA for the first three quarters of 2019 as disclosed in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q filed in 2020 as a result of rounding numbers in the prior periods.

## Organic Revenue and Organic Revenue Growth

The following table reconciles Organic Revenue to commissions and fees, which we consider to be the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure to Organic Revenue:

(in thousands, except percentages)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Commissions and fees	\$ 65,843	\$ 38,383	\$ 171,270	\$ 101,280
Partnership commissions and fees <sup>(1)</sup>	(19,637)	(17,520)	(54,569)	(36,749)
Organic Revenue	\$ 46,206	\$ 20,863	\$ 116,701	\$ 64,531
Organic Revenue Growth <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 7,809	\$ 2,297	\$ 15,393	\$ 5,479
Organic Revenue Growth % <sup>(2)</sup>	20 %	12 %	15 %	9 %

(1) Includes the first twelve months of such commissions and fees generated from newly acquired Partners.

(2) Organic Revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 used to calculate Organic Revenue Growth for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 was \$38.4 million and \$101.3 million, which is adjusted to reflect revenues from Partnerships that reached the twelve-month owned mark during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020.

## Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Diluted EPS

The following table reconciles Adjusted Net Income to net income (loss) attributable to BRP Group, Inc. and reconciles Adjusted Diluted EPS to diluted loss per share attributable to BRP Group, Inc. Class A common stock:

(in thousands, except per share data)	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2020	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020
Net loss attributable to BRP Group, Inc.	\$ (3,268)	\$ (5,388)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(4,347)	(5,379)
Amortization expense	5,185	13,231
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	6,455	12,697
Share-based compensation	2,240	5,357
Transaction-related Partnership expenses	2,904	6,772
Capital related expenses	—	1,000
Amortization of deferred financing costs	189	384
Severance related to Partnership activity	(324)	89
Other	899	1,733
Adjusted pre-tax income	9,933	30,496
Adjusted income taxes <sup>(1)</sup>	983	3,019
Adjusted Net Income	<u>\$ 8,950</u>	<u>\$ 27,477</u>
Weighted-average shares of Class A common stock outstanding - diluted	33,098	24,371
Dilutive effect of unvested restricted shares of Class A common stock	759	483
Exchange of Class B shares <sup>(2)</sup>	45,288	44,767
Adjusted dilutive weighted-average shares outstanding	<u>79,145</u>	<u>69,621</u>
Adjusted Diluted EPS	<u>\$ 0.11</u>	<u>\$ 0.39</u>
Diluted loss per share	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.22)
Effect of exchange of Class B shares and net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests per share	—	0.07
Other adjustments to net loss per share	0.22	0.58
Adjusted income taxes per share	<u>(0.01)</u>	<u>(0.04)</u>
Adjusted Diluted EPS	<u>\$ 0.11</u>	<u>\$ 0.39</u>

(1) Represents corporate income taxes at assumed effective tax rate of 9.9% applied to adjusted pre-tax income.

(2) Assumes the full exchange of Class B shares for Class A common stock pursuant to the Amended LLC Agreement.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS BY OPERATING GROUP

### Commissions and Fees

In the Middle Market, MainStreet and Specialty Operating Groups, the Company generates commissions and fees from insurance placement under both agency bill and direct bill arrangements. In addition, the Company generates profit-sharing income in each of those segments based on either the underlying Book of Business or performance, such as loss ratios. In the Middle Market Operating Group only, the Company generates fees from service fee and consulting arrangements. Service fee arrangements are in place with certain customers in lieu of commission arrangements.

In the Medicare Operating Group, BRP generates commissions and fees in the form of direct bill insurance placement and marketing income. Marketing income is earned through co-branded marketing campaigns with the Company's Insurance Company Partners.

The following table sets forth our commissions and fees by Operating Group by amount and as a percentage of our commissions and fees:

Commissions and Fees by Operating Group (in thousands)													
Operating Group	For the Three Months Ended September 30,						For the Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2020		2019		Variance		2020		2019		Variance		
	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	%	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	%	
Middle Market	\$ 26,561	40 %	\$ 12,836	33 %	\$ 13,725	107 %	\$ 69,311	40 %	\$ 41,481	41 %	\$ 27,830	67 %	
Specialty	27,486	42 %	16,732	44 %	10,754	64 %	64,358	38 %	32,497	32 %	31,861	98 %	
MainStreet	7,905	12 %	6,642	17 %	1,263	19 %	23,917	14 %	18,942	19 %	4,975	26 %	
Medicare	4,101	6 %	2,173	6 %	1,928	89 %	13,894	8 %	8,360	8 %	5,534	66 %	
Corporate and Other	(210)	— %	—	— %	(210)	— %	(210)	— %	—	— %	(210)	— %	
	<u>\$ 65,843</u>		<u>\$ 38,383</u>		<u>\$ 27,460</u>		<u>\$ 171,270</u>		<u>\$ 101,280</u>		<u>\$ 69,990</u>		

Commissions and fees increased across all Operating Groups for the three months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same period of 2019. The Partnership Contribution accounted for \$12.3 million, \$5.4 million and \$1.6 million of the increase to commissions and fees in the Middle Market, Specialty and Medicare Operating Groups, respectively. The remaining variances across the Operating Groups are attributable to organic growth. Our Middle Market Operating Group is most likely to feel the impact of the pandemic should the economic contraction persist and businesses act to further reduce their workforces.

Commissions and fees increased across all Operating Groups for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same period of 2019. The Partnership Contribution accounted for \$24.0 million, \$21.8 million, \$3.7 million and \$5.3 million of the increase to commissions and fees in the Middle Market, Specialty, MainStreet and Medicare Operating Groups, respectively. The remaining variances across the Operating Groups are attributable to Organic Growth. Continued COVID-19 protocols, including social distancing, may reduce our Medicare agents' abilities to meet person-to-person in our normal venues, which could impact our ability to sell new business during the 2021 Annual Enrollment Period and our first quarter 2021 commissions and fees.

The Middle Market and MainStreet Operating Groups had poor loss trends in our Florida-based personal lines businesses and private risk business in the first half of 2020 in addition to decreased underwriting in the Florida market by our Insurance Company Partners. We expect rate pressure in the Florida market to increase base commissions and fees towards the end of 2020 and into 2021 for those Operating Groups; however, rate pressure may also negatively impact client retention in those periods.

Policies in force for Specialty's MSI Partnership grew by 144,557, or 41%, to 500,301 at September 30, 2020 from 355,744 at September 30, 2019.

## Commissions, Employee Compensation and Benefits

The following table sets forth our commissions, employee compensation and benefits by Operating Group by amount and as a percentage of our commissions, employee compensation and benefits:

Commissions, Employee Compensation and Benefits by Operating Group (in thousands)													
Operating Group	For the Three Months Ended September 30,						For the Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2020		2019		Variance		2020		2019		Variance		
	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	%	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	%	
Middle Market	\$ 18,070	37 %	\$ 9,203	34 %	\$ 8,867	96 %	\$ 44,153	36 %	\$ 26,956	40 %	\$ 17,197	64 %	
Specialty	19,993	41 %	11,836	44 %	8,157	69 %	48,124	39 %	23,694	35 %	24,430	103 %	
MainStreet	4,496	9 %	3,915	15 %	581	15 %	13,268	11 %	10,284	15 %	2,984	29 %	
Medicare	2,455	5 %	1,180	4 %	1,275	108 %	7,686	6 %	4,170	6 %	3,516	84 %	
Corporate and Other	3,455	7 %	654	2 %	2,801	n/m	9,049	7 %	1,964	3 %	7,085	n/m	
	<u>\$ 48,469</u>		<u>\$ 26,788</u>		<u>\$ 21,681</u>		<u>\$ 122,280</u>		<u>\$ 67,068</u>		<u>\$ 55,212</u>		

n/m not meaningful

Commissions, employee compensation and benefits expenses increased across all Operating Groups for the three months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same period of 2019. The Partnership Contribution accounted for \$7.9 million, \$4.4 million and \$1.4 million of the increase to commissions, employee compensation and benefits expenses in the Middle Market, Specialty and Medicare Operating Groups, respectively. Commissions, employee compensation and benefits expenses also increased in the Middle Market, Specialty and MainStreet Operating Groups as a result of continued investments in Growth Services to support our growth, which costs are primarily allocated among the Operating Groups.

Commissions, employee compensation and benefits expenses increased across all Operating Groups for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same period of 2019. The Partnership Contribution accounted for \$14.6 million, \$16.0 million, \$1.8 million and \$3.6 million of the increase to commissions, employee compensation and benefits expenses in the Middle Market, Specialty, MainStreet and Medicare Operating Groups, respectively. Commissions, employee compensation and benefits expenses also increased across the Middle Market, Specialty and MainStreet Operating Groups as a result of continued investments in Growth Services to support our growth, which costs are primarily allocated among the Operating Groups.

Commissions, employee compensation and benefits expenses for Corporate and Other increased as a result of hiring new roles necessary as a public company and due to \$1.9 million and \$4.6 million of additional share-based compensation expense incurred during the quarter and year-to-date periods, respectively.

## Other Operating Expenses

The following table sets forth our other operating expenses by Operating Group by amount and as a percentage of our other operating expenses:

Other Operating Expenses by Operating Group (in thousands)													
Operating Group	For the Three Months Ended September 30,						For the Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2020		2019		Variance		2020		2019		Variance		
	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	%	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	%	
Middle Market	\$ 4,046	33 %	\$ 2,257	36 %	\$ 1,789	79 %	\$ 9,665	32 %	\$ 6,254	37 %	\$ 3,411	55 %	
Specialty	1,658	14 %	848	13 %	810	96 %	4,454	15 %	2,256	14 %	2,198	97 %	
MainStreet	1,226	10 %	1,014	16 %	212	21 %	3,233	11 %	2,865	17 %	368	13 %	
Medicare	952	8 %	505	8 %	447	89 %	2,739	9 %	1,390	8 %	1,349	97 %	
Corporate and Other	4,264	35 %	1,696	27 %	2,568	151 %	10,486	34 %	3,946	24 %	6,540	166 %	
	<u>\$ 12,146</u>		<u>\$ 6,320</u>		<u>\$ 5,826</u>		<u>\$ 30,577</u>		<u>\$ 16,711</u>		<u>\$ 13,866</u>		

Other operating expenses increased across all Operating Groups for the three months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same period of 2019. The Partnership Contribution accounted for \$1.0 million and \$0.4 million of the increase to other operating expenses in the Middle Market and Medicare Operating Groups, respectively.

Other operating expenses increased across all Operating Groups for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same period of 2019. The Partnership Contribution accounted for \$2.5 million, \$1.1 million, \$0.2 million and \$0.9 million other operating expenses in the Middle Market, Specialty, MainStreet and Medicare Operating Groups, respectively.

Other operating expenses in Corporate and Other, including professional fees, insurance, colleague education, travel and dues and subscriptions, increased primarily as a result of being a public company and an increased level of partnership activity during 2020.

### Amortization Expense

The following table sets forth our amortization by Operating Group by amount and as a percentage of our amortization:

Operating Group	Amortization Expense by Operating Group (in thousands)											
	For the Three Months Ended September 30,						For the Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2020		2019		Variance		2020		2019		Variance	
Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	%	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	%	
Middle Market	\$ 2,120	41 %	\$ 552	18 %	\$ 1,568	284 %	\$ 4,075	31 %	\$ 1,349	20 %	\$ 2,726	202 %
Specialty	2,331	45 %	2,036	66 %	295	14 %	7,022	53 %	4,339	64 %	2,683	62 %
MainStreet	431	8 %	364	12 %	67	18 %	1,307	10 %	749	11 %	558	74 %
Medicare	303	6 %	96	3 %	207	216 %	819	6 %	286	4 %	533	186 %
Corporate and Other	—	— %	34	1 %	(34)	(100)%	8	— %	70	1 %	(62)	(89)%
	<u>\$ 5,185</u>		<u>\$ 3,082</u>		<u>\$ 2,103</u>		<u>\$ 13,231</u>		<u>\$ 6,793</u>		<u>\$ 6,438</u>	

Amortization expense increased across all Operating Groups for the three months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same period of 2019. These increases were driven by amortization related to Partners acquired over the past year, including \$1.6 million, \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million related to intangible assets capitalized in connection with Partners acquired during 2020 in the Middle Market, Specialty and Medicare Operating Groups, respectively.

Amortization expense increased across all Operating Groups for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same period of 2019. These increases were driven by amortization related to Partners acquired over the past year, including \$2.6 million, \$1.0 million and \$0.5 million related to intangible assets capitalized in connection with Partners acquired during 2020 in the Middle Market, Specialty and Medicare Operating Groups, respectively, and \$0.2 million, \$1.8 million and \$0.5 million related to intangible assets capitalized in connection with Partners acquired during 2019 in the Middle Market, Specialty and MainStreet Operating Groups, respectively.

## Change in Fair Value of Contingent Consideration

The following table sets forth our change in fair value of contingent consideration by Operating Group by amount and as a percentage of our change in fair value of contingent consideration:

Change in Fair Value of Contingent Consideration by Operating Group (in thousands)												
Operating Group	For the Three Months Ended September 30,						For the Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2020		2019		Variance		2020		2019		Variance	
	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	%	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	Percent of Business	Amount	%
Middle Market	\$ 1,056	16 %	\$ 445	83 %	\$ 611	137 %	\$ (666)	(5)%	\$ (3,789)	118 %	\$ 3,123	(82)%
Specialty	4,732	73 %	(199)	(37)%	4,931	n/m	10,850	85 %	578	(18)%	10,272	n/m
MainStreet	501	8 %	289	54 %	212	73 %	2,555	20 %	320	(10)%	2,235	n/m
Medicare	166	3 %	—	— %	166	— %	(42)	— %	(331)	10 %	289	(87)%
	<u>\$ 6,455</u>		<u>\$ 535</u>		<u>\$ 5,920</u>		<u>\$ 12,697</u>		<u>\$ (3,222)</u>		<u>\$ 15,919</u>	

n/m not meaningful

The change in fair value of contingent consideration results from fluctuations in the value of the relevant measurement basis, normally revenue or EBITDA of our Partners. The Specialty Operating Group recorded a significant expense during the third quarter of 2020 primarily as a result of a higher estimate for the contingent consideration liabilities of our MSI Partner related to growth of the business.

The Specialty and MainStreet Operating Groups recorded significant expenses during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 primarily as a result of higher estimates for the contingent consideration liabilities of the MSI and Foundation Insurance Partners, respectively, related to growth of the businesses.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our primary liquidity needs for the foreseeable future will include cash to (i) provide capital to facilitate the organic growth of our business and to fund future Partnerships, (ii) pay operating expenses, including cash compensation to our employees and expenses related to being a public company, (iii) make payments under the Tax Receivable Agreement, (iv) pay interest and principal due on borrowings under the New JPM Credit Agreement (as defined below), (v) pay contingent earnout liabilities, and (vi) pay income taxes. We have historically financed our operations and funded our debt service through the sale of our insurance products and services. In addition, we financed significant cash needs to fund growth through the acquisition of Partners through debt and equity financing.

On June 29, 2020, we completed a public offering of 13,225,000 shares of our Class A common stock, including 1,725,000 shares sold pursuant to the underwriters' over-allotment option. The shares were sold at an offering price of \$13.25 per share for net proceeds of \$166.5 million after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions of \$7.9 million and offering expenses of \$798,000.

At September 30, 2020, our cash and cash equivalents were \$50.2 million. We believe that our cash and cash equivalents, cash flow from operations and available borrowings under the New JPM Credit Agreement (as defined below) will be sufficient to fund our working capital and meet our commitments for the foreseeable future. However, we expect that we will require additional funding to continue to execute on our Partnership strategy. Such funding could include the incurrence of additional debt or the issuance of equity. Additional funds may not be available on a timely basis, on favorable terms, or at all, and such funds, if raised, may not be sufficient to enable us to continue to implement our long-term Partnership strategy. If we are not able to raise funds when needed, we could be forced to delay or reduce the number of Partnerships that we complete.

See Part II, Item 1A. "Risk Factors - The ongoing novel coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic could result in declines in business and increases in claims that could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations" in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2020.

## JPMorgan Credit Agreement

As of September 30, 2020, we had an aggregate borrowing capacity of \$400.0 million under the Revolving Credit Commitment of the Old JPM Credit Agreement, which matures on September 23, 2024 and of which no more than \$65.0 million is available for working capital purposes and the entirety of which is available to fund acquisitions permitted under the Old JPM Credit Agreement. The outstanding balance of the Revolving Credit Commitment was \$101.0 million at September 30, 2020.

The interest rate of the Revolving Credit Commitment is based on, depending on the type of loan, the Eurodollar rate or the Alternative Base Rate, plus, in each case, a margin based on Total Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Old JPM Credit Agreement), as set forth in the pricing grid below, provided that under no circumstances will the LIBO Rate (as defined in the Old JPM Credit Agreement) used in the determination of the Eurodollar rate be less than 0.00% or the Alternate Base Rate be less than 1.00%:

Total Net Leverage Ratio	Applicable Margin for Eurodollar Loans	Applicable Margin for Alternate Base Rate Loans
< 2.50x	200 bps	100 bps
≥ 2.50x < 3.00x	225 bps	125 bps
≥ 3.00x < 3.75x	250 bps	150 bps
≥ 3.75x	300 bps	200 bps

At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the variable rate in effect for the Old JPM Credit Agreement was the London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR”) due to a pricing option and the applicable interest rate on the Revolving Credit Commitment was 2.19% and 3.81%, respectively.

On October 14, 2020, we entered into the New JPM Credit Agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., to provide new senior secured credit facilities in an aggregate principal amount of \$800.0 million. The amount consists of (i) a new term loan facility in the principal amount of \$400.0 million maturing in 2027 (the “Term Loan B”) and (ii) a new revolving credit facility with commitments in an aggregate principal amount of \$400.0 million maturing in 2025 (the “Revolving Facility”). We utilized a portion of the proceeds from the Term Loan B to repay in full our obligations under the Old JPM Credit Agreement and concurrently terminated the existing agreement. The Revolving Facility and the remaining proceeds of the Term Loan B are available to finance working capital needs and for other general corporate purposes of BRP and certain of its subsidiaries (including acquisitions and other investments permitted under the New JPM Credit Agreement).

Interest rates under the Revolving Facility will remain the same as the interest rates under the Old JPM Credit Agreement, with borrowings accruing interest on amounts drawn at LIBOR plus 200 basis points (“bps”) to LIBOR plus 300 bps based on total net leverage ratio. The Term Loan B will bear interest at LIBOR plus 400 bps. BRP will pay a letter of credit fee equal to the margin then in effect with respect to LIBOR loans under the Revolving Facility multiplied by the daily amount available to be drawn under any letter of credit, a fronting fee and any customary documentary and processing charges for any letter of credit issued under the New JPM Credit Agreement.

The outstanding principal balance of the Term Loan B is required to be repaid in equal quarterly installments equal to 0.25% of the original principal amount of the Term Loan B beginning with the fiscal quarter ending December 31, 2020, the balance of which is due at maturity. The Revolving Facility is not subject to amortization.

The Revolving Facility and the Term Loan B are collateralized by a first priority lien on substantially all the assets of BRP, including a pledge of all equity securities of certain of its subsidiaries. The New JPM Credit Agreement contains covenants that, among other things, restrict our ability to make certain restricted payments, incur additional debt, engage in certain asset sales, mergers, acquisitions or similar transactions, create liens on assets, engage in certain transactions with affiliates, change our business, make certain investments or restrict BRP’s ability to make dividends or other distributions to BRP Group. In addition, the New JPM Credit Agreement contains financial covenants requiring us to maintain our Total First Lien Net Leverage Ratio (as defined in the New JPM Credit Agreement) at or below 5.00 to 1.00 and Debt Service Coverage Ratio (as defined in the New JPM Credit Agreement) at or above 2.25 to 1.00.



## Contractual Obligations

The following table represents our contractual obligations, aggregated by type, at September 30, 2020, adjusted to reflect debt obligations under the New JPM Credit Agreement:

(in thousands)	Total	Payments Due by Period			
		Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years
Operating leases <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 46,394	\$ 7,139	\$ 12,773	\$ 10,476	\$ 16,006
Debt obligations payable <sup>(2)</sup>	517,892	16,750	33,500	33,500	434,142
Maximum future acquisition contingency payments <sup>(3)</sup>	233,574	57,572	164,902	11,100	—
Total	\$ 797,860	\$ 81,461	\$ 211,175	\$ 55,076	\$ 450,148

(1) The Company leases facilities and equipment under noncancelable operating leases. Rent expense was \$4.6 million and \$3.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

(2) Represents scheduled debt obligations and estimated interest payments under the New JPM Credit Agreement.

(3) Includes \$85.4 million of current and noncurrent estimated contingent earnout liabilities at September 30, 2020.

## Tax Receivable Agreement

We expect to obtain an increase in our share of our tax basis of the assets when BRP's LLC Units are redeemed or exchanged for shares of BRP Group's Class A common stock. This increase in tax basis may have the effect of reducing the future amounts paid to various tax authorities. The increase in tax basis may also decrease gains (or increase losses) on future dispositions of certain capital assets to the extent tax basis is allocated to those capital assets.

We entered into a Tax Receivable Agreement on October 28, 2019 (the "Tax Receivable Agreement") that provides for the payment by us to the parties to the Tax Receivable Agreement of 85% of the amount of cash savings, if any, in U.S. federal, state and local income tax or franchise tax that we actually realize as a result of (i) any increase in tax basis in BRP Group's assets and (ii) tax benefits related to imputed interest deemed arising as a result of payments made under the tax receivable agreement.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, we redeemed and repurchased LLC Units and shares of Class B common stock, which triggered an increase in BRP Group's tax basis but did not result in a tax benefit to the LLC Unit holders.

## SOURCES AND USES OF CASH

The following table summarizes our cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities for the periods indicated:

(in thousands)	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		Variance
	2020	2019	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 30,771	\$ 14,569	\$ 16,202
Net cash used in investing activities	(235,233)	(101,822)	(133,411)
Net cash provided by financing activities	191,389	96,768	94,621
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	(13,073)	9,515	(22,588)
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	71,071	7,995	63,076
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 57,998	\$ 17,510	\$ 40,488

## Operating Activities

The primary sources and uses of cash for operating activities are net income adjusted for non-cash items and changes in assets and liabilities, or operating working capital. Net cash provided by operating activities increased \$16.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same period of 2019 driven by a net increase in net income (loss) adjusted for noncash items, partially offset by losses in revenues from profit-sharing and fees, and higher accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities balances, offset in part by a higher premiums, commissions and fees receivable balance.

## **Investing Activities**

The primary sources and uses of cash for investing activities relate to cash consideration paid to fund Partnerships and other investments, as well as capital expenditures. Net cash used in investing activities increased \$133.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same period of 2019. Cash consideration paid to fund Partnerships increased \$130.9 million as a result of an increase in the number of Partnerships and other asset acquisitions we completed during the first nine months of 2020 compared to the same period of 2019.

## **Financing Activities**

The primary sources and uses of cash for financing activities relate to the issuance of our Class A common stock, borrowings from and repayment to our credit agreements, payment of debt issuance costs, payment of contingent and guaranteed earnout consideration, distributions and contributions, and other equity transactions. Net cash provided by financing activities increased \$94.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to the same period of 2019. During 2020, we received net proceeds of \$135.2 million from the public offering of our Class A common stock after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions, offering expenses and the repurchase of LLC Units from our Chairman and other founders. In addition, net borrowings on our credit facilities increased \$57.5 million as a result of borrowings to fund the two Partnerships during the second quarter of 2020, offset in part by a repayment made with proceeds from our public offering.

## **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES**

In preparing our financial statements in accordance with GAAP, we are required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and accompanying disclosures. We evaluate our estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis. These estimates are based on historical experience and various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances; although, actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions. To the extent that there are differences between our estimates and actual results, our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows will be affected.

There have been no material changes in our critical accounting policies during the three months ended September 30, 2020 as compared to those disclosed in the Critical Accounting Estimates section under Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 24, 2020.

## **EMERGING GROWTH COMPANY STATUS**

We are an emerging growth company, as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups ("JOBS") Act, and we may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies. Section 107 of the JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of the extended transition period for the implementation of new or revised accounting standards. We have elected to use the extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards and as a result of this election, our financial statements may not be comparable to companies that comply with public company effective dates. We have also elected to take advantage of some of the reduced regulatory and reporting requirements of emerging growth companies pursuant to the JOBS Act, including not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation and exemptions from the requirements of holding non-binding advisory votes on executive compensation and golden parachute payments, if applicable.

We may take advantage of these exemptions up until the last day of the fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of our initial public offering or such earlier time that we are no longer an emerging growth company. We would cease to be an emerging growth company if we have more than \$1.07 billion in annual revenue, we have more than \$700.0 million in market value of our stock held by non-affiliates (and we have been a public company for at least 12 months and have filed one annual report on Form 10-K) or we issue more than \$1.0 billion of non-convertible debt securities over a three-year period.

## **RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

Please refer to Note 1 to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1. Financial Statements of this report for a discussion of recent accounting pronouncements that may impact us.

### ITEM 3. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risk is the potential loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and prices, such as premium amounts, interest rates and equity prices. We are exposed to market risk through our investments and borrowings under the Old JPM Credit Agreement.

Our invested assets are held primarily as cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, certificates of deposit, U.S. treasury securities and professionally managed short duration fixed income funds. These investments are subject to interest rate risk. The fair values of our invested assets at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 approximated their respective carrying values due to their short-term duration and therefore, such market risk is not considered to be material.

Insurance premium pricing has historically been cyclical, based on the underwriting capacity of the insurance industry and economic conditions. External events, such as terrorist attacks, man-made and natural disasters, can also have significant impacts on the insurance market. We use the terms “soft market” and “hard market” to describe the business cycles experienced by the industry. A soft market is an insurance market characterized by a period of declining premium rates, which can negatively affect commissions earned by insurance agents. A hard market is an insurance market characterized by a period of rising premium rates, which, absent other changes, can positively affect commissions earned by insurance agents.

We do not actively invest or trade in equity securities. In addition, we generally dispose of any significant equity securities received in conjunction with an acquisition shortly after the acquisition date.

At September 30, 2020, we had \$101.0 million of borrowings outstanding under the Old JPM Credit Agreement, which bears interest on a floating basis tied to either the prime rate or one of various other variable rates as defined in the Old JPM Credit Agreement, and therefore is subject to changes in the associated interest expense. At September 30, 2020, the variable rate in effect for the Old JPM Credit Agreement was LIBOR. Based on an increase of 25 and 50 basis points in the LIBOR at September 30, 2020 and the balance outstanding at such time, our annual interest expense for the Old JPM Credit Agreement would have increased by \$253,000 and \$505,000, respectively.

Subsequent to September 30, 2020, we repaid our obligations under the Old JPM Credit Agreement and borrowed \$400.0 million under the New JPM Credit Agreement. These borrowings bear interest on a floating basis tied to either the prime rate or one of various other variable rates as defined in the New JPM Credit Agreement. The variable rate currently in effect for the New JPM Credit Agreement is LIBOR. Assuming the New JPM Credit Agreement had been in effect at September 30, 2019, an increase of 25 and 50 basis points in the LIBOR would have increased our annual interest expense by \$1.0 million and \$2.0 million, respectively.

### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, because of the material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting described in this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of September 30, 2020.

We previously reported four material weaknesses in the design and operation of our internal control over financial reporting that were identified in connection with the audit of our fiscal year 2018 consolidated financial statements. A “material weakness” is defined under SEC rules as a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of a company’s annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by the company’s internal controls. The material weaknesses relate to (i) lack of sufficient number of personnel with the appropriate level of accounting knowledge, training and experience to appropriately analyze, record and disclose accounting matters timely and accurately; (ii) insufficient policies and procedures to achieve complete and accurate financial accounting, reporting and disclosures; (iii) insufficient policies and procedures to review, analyze, account for and disclose complex transactions; and (iv) failure to design and maintain controls over the operating effectiveness of information technology. During the quarter ended September 30, 2020, we continued the process of planning and implementing a number of steps to enhance our internal control over financial reporting and to address these material weaknesses. We have hired key personnel in the accounting department with technical accounting and financial reporting experience and have enhanced our internal review procedures during the financial statement close process. We are continuing to document and improve our processes, implement internal controls procedures and design and implement IT general computer controls. These material weaknesses still exist at September 30, 2020.

## **PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

### **ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

We are involved in various claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

### **ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

See the risk factors outlined under Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 24, 2020 and in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2020 filed with the SEC on May 13, 2020.

### **ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

#### **Sales of Unregistered Securities**

The following list sets forth information regarding all unregistered securities sold or issued by us since June 30, 2020. No underwriters were involved in these sales. There was no general solicitation of investors or advertising, and we did not pay or give, directly or indirectly, any commission or other remuneration, in connection with the offering of these securities. In the transaction described below, the recipients of the securities represented their intention to acquire the securities for investment only and not with a view to or for sale in connection with any distribution thereof, and appropriate legends were affixed to the securities issued in this transaction.

- On July 31, 2020, as partial consideration for the acquisition by BRP Medicare Insurance III, LLC of substantially all of the assets of MIA, BRP Group issued 25,491 shares of Class A common stock.
- On November 5, 2020, Baldwin Krystyn Sherman Partners, LLC (“BKS”), a subsidiary of BRP Group, entered into an agreement (the “Insgroup Purchase Agreement”) to acquire all of the outstanding equity interests of Insgroup. The Partnership is expected to close on November 30, 2020, subject to certain closing conditions. Pursuant to the terms of the Insgroup Purchase Agreement, the consideration for the Partnership comprises \$100.4 million in cash, as well as 154,695 shares of BRP Group’s Class A common stock and 3,790,020 LLC units of BRP Group’s subsidiary, Baldwin Risk Partners, LLC (“BRP LLC”) (and the corresponding 3,790,020 shares of BRP Group’s Class B common stock to be issued pursuant to the terms of BRP LLC’s Third Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement, as amended), provided, that Insgroup may elect to decrease the number of shares of BRP Group’s Class A common stock to be included in the consideration for the Partnership, and increase the number of LLC units (and the corresponding shares of BRP Group’s Class B common stock) to be included in the consideration for the Partnership on a one-for-one basis with the decrease in the number of shares of BRP Group’s Class A common stock to be included in the consideration for the Partnership.

The securities described above were issued to a limited number of investors, all of which had sufficient knowledge and experience in financial and business matters to make them capable of evaluating the merits and risks of the prospective investment, and for nominal consideration. The offer, sale and issuance of the securities described above were deemed to be exempt from registration under the Securities Act in reliance upon Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act as transactions by an issuer not involving any public offering.

## Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table provides information about our repurchase of shares of our Class A common stock during the three months ended September 30, 2020:

	Total Number of Shares Purchased <sup>(1)</sup>	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Value that may yet be Purchased under the Plans or Programs
July 1, 2020 to July 31, 2020	—	\$ —	—	\$ —
August 1, 2020 to August 31, 2020	1,458	17.45	—	—
September 1, 2020 to September 30, 2020	—	—	—	—
Total	1,458	\$ 17.45	—	\$ —

(1) We purchased 1,458 shares during the three months ended September 30, 2020, which were acquired from our employees to cover required tax withholdings on the vesting of shares granted under the BRP Group, Inc. Omnibus Incentive Plan.

## ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

## ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

## ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

## ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are filed as a part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q:

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description of Exhibit</u>
3.1	<a href="#">Certificate of Amendment to the Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 15, 2020).</a>
10.1	<a href="#">Incremental Facility Amendment No. 3 to Credit Agreement, dated as of June 18, 2020, by and among Baldwin Risk Partners, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as the Agent, the Lenders party thereto and the other parties thereto (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 18, 2020).</a>
10.2	<a href="#">Credit Agreement, dated as of October 14, 2020, by and among Baldwin Risk Partners, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as the Administrative Agent, the Guarantors party thereto, the Lenders party thereto and the Issuing Lenders party thereto (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 15, 2020).</a>
31.1*	<a href="#">Certification of the Registrant's Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934</a>
31.2*	<a href="#">Certification of the Registrant's Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934</a>
32*	<a href="#">Certification of the Registrant's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104*	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted in inline XBRL and included in Exhibit 101)

\* Filed or furnished herewith

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**BRP GROUP, INC.**

Date: November 12, 2020

By: /s/ Trevor L. Baldwin  
Trevor L. Baldwin  
*Chief Executive Officer*

Date: November 12, 2020

By: /s/ Kristopher A. Wiebeck  
Kristopher A. Wiebeck  
*Chief Financial Officer*

CERTIFICATION BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT RULE 13A-14(a),  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Trevor L. Baldwin, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of BRP Group, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) *[Reserved]*;
  - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an Annual Report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Trevor L. Baldwin

Trevor L. Baldwin

Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 12, 2020



CERTIFICATION BY CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT RULE 13A-14(a),  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Kristopher A. Wiebeck, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of BRP Group, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) *[Reserved]*;
  - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an Annual Report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Kristopher A. Wiebeck

Kristopher A. Wiebeck

Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 12, 2020

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF  
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

The certification set forth below is being submitted in connection with BRP Group, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2020 (the "Report") for the purpose of complying with Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code.

Trevor L. Baldwin, Chief Executive Officer, and Kristopher A. Wiebeck, Chief Financial Officer, of BRP Group, Inc. (the "Company"), each certify to the best of such officer's knowledge, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 12, 2020

By: /s/ Trevor L. Baldwin

Trevor L. Baldwin

*Chief Executive Officer*

Date: November 12, 2020

By: /s/ Kristopher A. Wiebeck

Kristopher A. Wiebeck

*Chief Financial Officer*